AGREEMENT ON TRADE IN GOODS

BETWEEN

THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

AND

THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

PREAMBLE

The Republic of Korea and the Republic of Turkey (hereinafter referred to as "the Parties" or "Korea" or "Turkey," where appropriate);

RECALLING the Framework Agreement signed in xx, xx on the xx day of xx xxxx;

REAFFIRMING their commitment to gradually liberalise substantially all the trade in goods between the Parties; and

RESOLVED to contribute to the strengthening and reinforcement of the multilateral trading system as established through the World Trade Organization;

HAVE AGREED as follows:

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise specified:

Agreement on Agriculture means the *Agreement on Agriculture*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

Anti-Dumping Agreement means the *Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

Customs Valuation Agreement means the *Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

days means calendar days;

existing means in effect on the date of entry into force of this Agreement;

Framework Agreement means the *Framework Agreement Establishing a Free Trade Area between the Republic of Korea and the Republic of Turkey*, which forms part of legal instruments establishing the Korea-Turkey FTA;

GATT 1994 means the *General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

goods means products as understood in GATT 1994;

Harmonized System (HS) means the *Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System*, including its General Rules of Interpretation, Section Notes, and Chapter Notes, as adopted and implemented by the Parties in their respective tariff laws;

Joint Committee means the Joint Committee established under Article 7.1 (the Joint Committee) of the Framework Agreement;

measure means any measure by a Party, whether in the form of a law, regulation, rule, procedure, decision, administrative action or any other form;

national means:

- (a) for Korea, a Korean national within the meaning of the *Nationality Act*; and
- (b) for Turkey, a Turkish citizen within the meaning of the *Turkish Constitution*;

originating means qualifying under the rules of origin set out in the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures;

person means a natural person or a juridical person;

preferential tariff treatment means the customs duty rate applicable under this Agreement to an originating good;

Safeguards Agreement means the *Agreement on Safeguards*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

sanitary or phytosanitary measure means any measure referred to in paragraph 1 of Annex A of the SPS Agreement;

SCM Agreement means the *Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

SPS Agreement means the *Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

TBT Agreement means the *Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade*, in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement;

territory means:

- (a) for Korea, the land, maritime, and airspace under its sovereignty, and those maritime areas, including the seabed and subsoil adjacent to and beyond the outer limit of the territorial seas over which it may exercise sovereign rights or jurisdiction in accordance with international law and its law; and
- (b) for Turkey, the land territory, internal waters, the territorial sea and the airspace above them, as well as the maritime areas over which Turkey has sovereign rights or jurisdiction for the purpose of exploration, exploitation and preservation of natural resources whether living or non-living pursuant to international law;

WCO means the World Customs Organization;

WTO means the World Trade Organization; and

WTO Agreement means the *Marrakesh Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization*, done on April 15, 1994.

CHAPTER 2 NATIONAL TREATMENT AND MARKET ACCESS FOR GOODS

Section A: Common Provisions

ARTICLE 2.1: OBJECTIVE

The Parties shall gradually liberalise substantially all the trade in goods between them over a transitional period starting from the date of entry into force of this Agreement, in accordance with this Agreement and in conformity with Article XXIV of GATT 1994.

ARTICLE 2.2: CUSTOMS DUTY

For the purposes of this Chapter, a customs duty includes any duty or charge of any kind imposed on, or in connection with, the importation of a good, including any form of surtax or surcharge imposed on, or in connection with, such importation. A customs duty does not include any:

- (a) charge equivalent to an internal tax imposed consistently with Article 2.6 in respect of the like domestic good or in respect of an article from which the imported good has been manufactured or produced in whole or in part;
- (b) duty imposed pursuant to the laws of a Party consistently with Chapter 4 (Trade Remedies);
- (c) fee or other charge imposed pursuant to the laws of a Party consistently with Article 2.8;
- (d) premium offered or collected on an imported good arising out of any tendering system in respect of the administration of quantitative import restrictions or tariff rate quotas; and
- (e) duty imposed pursuant to the laws of a Party consistently with Article 5 of the Agreement on Agriculture.

ARTICLE 2.3: CLASSIFICATION OF GOODS

The classification of goods in trade between the Parties shall be that set out in each Party's respective tariff nomenclature interpreted in conformity with the Harmonized System.

Section B: Reduction or Elimination of Customs Duties

ARTICLE 2.4: REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION OF CUSTOMS DUTIES

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, each Party shall reduce or eliminate its customs duties on originating goods of the other Party in accordance with its Schedule included in Annex 2.
- 2. If at any moment a Party reduces its applied most favoured nation (hereinafter referred to as "MFN") customs duty rate after the entry into force of this Agreement, that duty rate shall apply as regards trade covered by this Agreement if and for as long as it is lower than the customs duty rate calculated in accordance with its Schedule included in Annex 2.
- 3. On request of either Party, the Parties shall consult each other to consider the possibility of accelerating and broadening the scope of the reduction or elimination of customs duties on imports between them. Following such consultations, a decision by the Joint Committee on the acceleration or broadening of the scope of the reduction or elimination of a customs duty on a good shall supersede any duty rate or staging category determined pursuant to the respective Party's Schedule included in Annex 2 for that good, subject to the Parties' respective applicable legal requirements and procedures.

ARTICLE 2.5 STANDSTILL

Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, including as explicitly set out in each Party's Schedule included in Annex 2, neither Party shall increase any existing customs duty, or adopt any new customs duty, on an originating good of the other Party. This shall not preclude either Party from raising a customs duty to the level established in its Schedule included in Annex 2 following a unilateral reduction on an MFN basis.

Section C: Non-Tariff Measures

ARTICLE 2.6: NATIONAL TREATMENT

Each Party shall accord national treatment to goods of the other Party in accordance with Article III of GATT 1994, including its interpretative notes; and to this end, Article III of GATT 1994, including its interpretative notes, is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

ARTICLE 2.7: IMPORT AND EXPORT RESTRICTIONS

Neither Party shall adopt or maintain any prohibition or restriction other than duties, taxes or other charges on the importation of any good of the other Party or on the exportation or sale for export of any good destined for the territory of the other Party, except in accordance with Article XI of GATT 1994, including its interpretative notes; and to this end, Article XI of GATT 1994, including its interpretative notes, is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

ARTICLE 2.8: FEES AND OTHER CHARGES ON IMPORTS

Each Party shall ensure that all fees and charges of whatever character (other than customs duties and the items that are excluded from the definition of a customs duty under Article 2.2(a), (b), (d) and (e)) imposed on, or in connection with, importation are limited in amount to the approximate cost of services rendered, are not calculated on an *ad valorem* basis, and do not represent an indirect protection to domestic goods or taxation of imports for fiscal purposes.

ARTICLE 2.9: DUTIES, TAXES OR OTHER FEES AND CHARGES ON EXPORTS

Neither Party shall maintain or institute any duties, taxes or other fees and charges imposed on, or in connection with, the exportation of goods to the territory of the other Party, or any internal taxes, fees and charges on goods exported to the territory of the other Party that are in excess of those imposed on like goods destined for internal sale.

ARTICLE 2.10: SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY MEASURES

- 1. The Parties affirm their existing rights and obligations with respect to each other under the SPS Agreement.
- 2. In particular, neither Party shall apply its sanitary and phytosanitary measures as an arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination or a disguised restriction on trade between them.
- 3. Neither Party shall have recourse to Chapter 6 (Dispute Settlement) of the Framework Agreement for any matter arising under this Article.

ARTICLE 2.11: TRADE RELATED NON-TARIFF MEASURES

- 1. Each Party shall ensure the transparency of its non-tariff measures affecting trade between the Parties and that any such measures are not prepared, adopted or applied with the view to or with the effect of creating unnecessary obstacles to trade between the Parties.
- 2. To this end, the coordination mechanism, committee or working group, if any, which is most closely related to a specific non-tariff measure, shall review such a measure when a Party identifies that measure for consideration.
- 3. The coordination mechanism, committee or working group referred to in paragraph 2, shall consider approaches that may better facilitate trade between the Parties and present to the Parties the result of its consideration, including any recommendations, preferably within 12 months. The result of such consideration and recommendations shall be submitted to the Joint Committee for consideration and/or action.

Section D: Exceptions Related to Trade in Goods

ARTICLE 2.12: GENERAL EXCEPTIONS

- 1. The Parties affirm that their existing rights and obligations under Article XX of GATT 1994, including its interpretative notes, which is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, shall apply to trade in goods covered by this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.
- 2. The Parties understand that before taking any measures provided for in subparagraphs (i) and (j) of Article XX of GATT 1994, the Party intending to take the measures shall supply the other Party with all relevant information, with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Parties. The Parties may agree on any means needed to put an end to the difficulties. If no agreement is reached within 30 days of supplying such information, the Party may apply measures under this Article on the good concerned. Where exceptional and critical circumstances requiring immediate action make prior information or examination impossible, the Party intending to take the measures may apply forthwith the precautionary measures necessary to deal with the situation and shall inform the other Party immediately thereof.

Section E: Institutional Provisions

ARTICLE 2.13: COMMITTEE ON TRADE IN GOODS

- 1. The Parties hereby establish the Committee on Trade in Goods pursuant to Article 7.2 (Committees and Working Groups) of the Framework Agreement. The Committee on Trade in Goods shall meet upon the request of a Party or of the Joint Committee to consider any matter arising under this Chapter and comprise representatives of the Parties.
- 2. The functions of the Committee on Trade in Goods shall include:

- a) promoting trade in goods between the Parties, including through consultations on accelerating and broadening the scope of tariff elimination under this Agreement and any other issues as appropriate;
- b) addressing tariff and non-tariff measures affecting trade in goods between the Parties and, if appropriate, referring such matters to the Joint Committee for its consideration; and
- c) providing a forum for discussion or the exchange of information on matters related to sanitary and phytosanitary measures which may, directly or indirectly, affect trade between the Parties with a view to minimizing their negative effects on trade and seeking mutually acceptable alternatives;

in so far as these tasks have not been entrusted to the relevant Working Group established pursuant to Article 7.2 (Committees and Working Groups) of the Framework Agreement.

ANNEX 2 REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION OF CUSTOMS DUTIES

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in a Party's Schedule included in this Annex, the following staging categories apply to the reduction or elimination of customs duties by each Party pursuant to Article 2.4.1:
 - (a) customs duties on originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "0" in a Party's Schedule shall be eliminated entirely and such goods shall be free of any customs duties on the date of entry into force of this Agreement;
 - (b) customs duties on originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "3" in a Party's Schedule shall be removed in four equal annual stages beginning on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, and such goods shall be free of any customs duties, effective January 1 of year four;
 - customs duties on originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "5" in a Party's Schedule shall be removed in six equal annual stages beginning on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, and such goods shall be free of any customs duties, effective January 1 of year six;
 - (d) customs duties on originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "7" in a Party's Schedule shall be removed in eight equal annual stages beginning on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, and such goods shall be free of any customs duties, effective January 1 of year eight;
 - (e) for the originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "7A" in a Party's Schedule, the preferential customs duties shall be applied in accordance with the following table:

Year Category	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight
7A	8.50	7.00	5.83	4.67	3.50	2.33	1.17	0

- (f) customs duties on originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "10" in a Party's Schedule shall be removed in eleven equal annual stages beginning on the date of entry into force of this Agreement, and such goods shall be free of any customs duties, effective January 1 of year eleven;
- (g) originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "E" shall remain at base rates;
- (h) no obligations regarding customs duties in this Agreement shall apply

with respect to items in staging category "R". Nothing in this Agreement shall affect Korea's rights and obligations with respect to its implementation of the commitments set out in the WTO document WT/Let/492 (Certification of Modifications and Rectifications to Schedule LX-Republic of Korea) dated 13 April, 2005 and any amendments thereto; and

- (i) originating goods provided for in the items in staging category "RD" (Reduced Duty) shall be subject to tariff reductions from the base rate to the reduced duty indicated in each Party's Schedule on the date of entry into force of this Agreement.
- 2. The tariff lines which are subject to specific customs duties shall have such specific customs duties removed in equal stages in accordance with the staging categories provided in a Party's Schedule set out in paragraph 1.
- 3. The base rate of customs duty and staging category for determining the interim rate of customs duty at each stage of reduction for an item are indicated for the item in each Party's Schedule.
- 4. Interim staged rates shall be rounded down, at least to the nearest tenth of a percentage point or, if the rate of duty is expressed in monetary units, at least to the nearest tenth of one Turkish Kurus for Turkey and the nearest Korean won for Korea.
- 5. For the purposes of this Annex and a Party's Schedule, year one means the year of entry into force of this Agreement as provided in Article 6.1 (Entry into Force).
- 6. For the purposes of this Annex and a Party's Schedule, beginning in year two, each annual stage of tariff reduction shall take effect on January 1 of the relevant year.
- 7. Notwithstanding paragraph 1(g), standstill obligations under Article 2.5 shall not apply to the tariff lines marked with "NS" in the staging category column.

GENERAL NOTES TARIFF SCHEDULE OF KOREA

- 1. Relation to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of Korea (HSK). The provisions of this Schedule are generally expressed in terms of the HSK, and the interpretation of the provisions of this Schedule, including the product coverage of subheadings of this Schedule, shall be governed by the General Notes, Section Notes, and Chapter Notes of the HSK. To the extent that provisions of this Schedule are identical to the corresponding provisions of the HSK, the provisions of this Schedule shall have the same meaning as the corresponding provisions of the HSK.
- 2. <u>Base Rates of Customs Duty</u>. The base rates of duty set out in this Schedule reflect the Korean Customs Duty MFN rates of duty in effect on January 1, 2010.

GENERAL NOTES TARIFF SCHEDULE OF TURKEY

- 1. Relation to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of Turkey (HST). The provisions of this Schedule are generally expressed in terms of the HST, and the interpretation of the provisions of this Schedule, including the product coverage of subheadings of this Schedule, shall be governed by the General Notes, Section Notes, and Chapter Notes of the HST. To the extent that provisions of this Schedule are identical to the corresponding provisions of the HST, the provisions of this Schedule shall have the same meaning as the corresponding provisions of the HST.
- 2. <u>Base Rates of Customs Duty</u>. The base rates of duty set out in this Schedule reflect the Turkish Customs Duty MFN rates of duty in effect on January 1, 2010.

CHAPTER 3 CUSTOMS AND TRADE FACILITATION

ARTICLE 3.1: OBJECTIVES AND PRINCIPLES

With the objectives of facilitating trade and promoting customs cooperation on a bilateral and multilateral basis, the Parties agree to cooperate and to adopt and apply their import, export and transit requirements and procedures for goods on the basis of the following objectives and principles:

- (a) in order to ensure that import, export and transit requirements and procedures for goods are efficient and proportionate:
 - (i) each Party shall adopt or maintain expedited customs procedures while maintaining appropriate customs control and selection procedures;
 - (ii) import, export and transit requirements and procedures shall be no more administratively burdensome or trade restrictive than necessary to achieve legitimate objectives;
 - (iii) each Party shall provide for clearance of goods with a minimum of documentation and make electronic systems accessible to customs users;
 - (iv) each Party shall use information technology that expedites procedures for the release of goods;
 - (v) each Party shall ensure that its customs authorities and agencies involved in border controls including import, export and transit matters, cooperate and coordinate their activities; and
 - (vi) each Party shall provide that the use of customs brokers is optional;
- (b) import, export and transit requirements and procedures shall be based on international trade and customs instruments and standards which the Parties have accepted, except when they would be an inappropriate or ineffective means for the fulfillment of the legitimate objectives pursued;
- (c) requirements and procedures shall be transparent and predictable for importers, exporters and other interested parties;
- (d) each Party, where it is deemed to be necessary, shall consult in a timely manner with representatives of the trading community and other interested parties, including on significant new or amended requirements and procedures prior to their adoption;

- (e) risk management principles or procedures shall be applied to focus compliance efforts on transactions that merit attention;
- (f) each Party shall cooperate and exchange information for the purpose of promoting the application of, and compliance with, the trade facilitation measures agreed upon under this Agreement; and
- (g) measures to facilitate trade shall not prejudice the fulfillment of legitimate policy objectives, such as the protection of national security, health and the environment.

ARTICLE 3.2: RELEASE OF GOODS

- 1. Each Party shall adopt and apply simplified and efficient customs and other traderelated requirements and procedures in order to facilitate trade between the Parties.
- 2. Pursuant to paragraph 1, each Party shall exert its best efforts to ensure that its customs authorities, border agencies or other competent authorities apply requirements and procedures that:
 - (a) provide for the release of goods within a period no longer than that required to ensure compliance with its customs and other trade-related laws and formalities. Each Party shall work to further reduce release time;
 - (b) provide for advance electronic submission and eventual processing of information before physical arrival of goods, "pre-arrival processing", to enable the release of goods on arrival;
 - (c) allow importers to obtain the release of goods from customs before, and without prejudice to, the final determination by its customs authority of the applicable customs duties, taxes and fees¹; and
 - (d) allow goods to be released for free circulation at the point of arrival, without temporary transfer to warehouses or other facilities.
- 3. Each Party shall work towards the implementation of initiatives that harmonise the data requirements of its respective agencies associated with the importation, exportation or transit of goods, and minimize the submission of trade data, with the objective of allowing importers and exporters to present all required data to one agency.
- 4. Where a Party determines to detain under customs control a good imported from the territory of the other Party due to a perceived failure to comply with the regulations or laws of the importing Party, relevant authorities of that Party shall immediately notify the importer of the reasons for the detention of the good in accordance with its domestic laws and regulations.

¹ A Party may require an importer to provide sufficient guarantee in the form of a surety, a deposit or some other appropriate instruments, covering the ultimate payment of the customs duties, taxes and fees in connection with the importation of the goods.

ARTICLE 3.3: SIMPLIFIED CUSTOMS PROCEDURE

The Parties shall endeavour to apply simplified import and export procedures for traders or economic operators which meet specific criteria decided by a Party, providing in particular more rapid release and clearance of goods, including advance electronic submission and processing of information before physical arrival of consignments, a lower incidence of physical inspections, and facilitation of trade with regard to, for example, simplified declarations with a minimum of documentation.

ARTICLE 3.4: AUTOMATION

Each customs administration shall apply information technology that expedites procedures for the release of goods to support customs operations, where it is cost-effective and efficient, particularly in the paperless trading context, taking into account developments in this area within the WCO.

ARTICLE 3.5: AUTHORIZED ECONOMIC OPERATOR

The Parties shall promote the implementation of the Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) concept. Acknowledgment of the AEO security status should be taken into account to secure the international trade supply chain and trade facilitation benefits should be provided in return for meeting customs security standards.

ARTICLE 3.6: RISK MANAGEMENT

Each Party shall apply risk management systems, to the extent possible in an electronic manner, for risk analysis and targeting that enable its customs authorities to focus inspection activities on high risk goods and that simplify the clearance and movement of low-risk goods. Each Party shall draw upon the revised *International Convention on the Simplification and Harmonization of Customs Procedures of 1999* (hereinafter referred to as the "Kyoto Convention") and WCO Risk Management Guidelines for its risk management procedures.

ARTICLE 3.7: TRANSPARENCY

- 1. Each Party shall ensure that its customs and other trade-related laws, regulations and general administrative procedures and other requirements, including fees and charges, are readily available to all interested parties, via an officially designated medium and, where feasible and possible, official website.
- 2. Each Party shall designate or maintain one or more inquiry or information points to address inquiries by interested persons concerning customs and other trade-related matters.
- 3. Each Party shall consult with, and provide information to, representatives of the trading community and other interested parties. Such consultations and information shall

cover significant new or amended requirements and procedures and the opportunity to comment shall be provided prior to their adoption.

ARTICLE 3.8: ADVANCE RULINGS

- 1. Upon written request from traders, each Party shall issue written advance rulings, through its customs authorities, prior to the importation of a good into its territory in accordance with its laws and regulations, on tariff classification, origin or any other such matters as the Party may decide.
- 2. Subject to any confidentiality requirements in its laws and regulations, each Party shall publish, e.g. on the Internet, its advance rulings on tariff classification and any other such matters as the Party may decide.
- 3. To facilitate trade, the Parties shall include in their bilateral dialogue regular updates on changes in their respective legislation on the matters referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.

ARTICLE 3.9: APPEAL PROCEDURES

- 1. Each Party shall ensure that with respect to its determinations on customs matters and other import, export and transit requirements and procedures, persons concerned who are the subject of such determinations shall have access to review or appeal of such determinations. A Party may require that an appeal be initially heard by the same agency, its supervisory authority or a judicial authority prior to a review by a higher independent body, which may be a judicial authority or administrative tribunal.
- 2. The producer or exporter may provide, upon request by the reviewing authority to the producer or exporter, information directly to the Party conducting the administrative review. The exporter or producer providing the information may ask the Party conducting the administrative review to treat that information as confidential in accordance with its laws and regulations.

ARTICLE 3.10: CONFIDENTIALITY

- 1. Any information provided by persons or authorities of a Party to the authorities of the other Party pursuant to this Chapter shall, including where requested pursuant to Article 3.9, be treated as being of a confidential or restricted nature, depending on the laws and regulations applicable in each Party. It shall be covered by the obligation of official secrecy and shall enjoy the protection extended to similar information under the relevant laws and regulations of the Party that received it.
- 2. Information referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be used by the authorities of the Party which has received it for purposes other than what it has been provided for without the express permission of the person or authority providing it.

- 3. Other than with the express permission of the person or authority that provided it, the information referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be published or otherwise disclosed to any persons, except where obliged or authorised to do so under the laws and regulations of the Party that received it in connection with legal proceedings. The person that provided the information shall be notified of such disclosure, wherever possible, in advance.
- 4. Where an authority of a Party requests information pursuant to this Chapter, it shall notify the requested persons of any possibility of disclosure in connection with legal proceedings.

ARTICLE 3.11: PRE-SHIPMENT INSPECTIONS

Neither Party shall require the use of pre-shipment inspections or their equivalent.

ARTICLE 3.12: POST CLEARANCE AUDIT

Each Party shall provide traders with the opportunity to benefit from the application of efficient post clearance audits. The application of post clearance audits shall not impose unwarranted or unjustified requirements or burdens on traders.

ARTICLE 3.13: CUSTOMS VALUATION

The Customs Valuation Agreement is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*. The reservations and options provided for in Article 20 and paragraphs 2 through 4 of Annex III of the Customs Valuation Agreement shall be applicable.

ARTICLE 3.14: CUSTOMS COOPERATION

- 1. The Parties shall enhance their cooperation in customs and customs-related matters.
- 2. The Parties undertake to develop trade facilitation actions in customs matters taking account of the work done in this connection by international organisations. This may include testing of new customs procedures.
- 3. The Parties affirm their commitment to the facilitation of the legitimate movement of goods and shall exchange expertise on measures to improve customs techniques and procedures, and on computerised systems.

4. The Parties shall commit to:

(a) pursuing the harmonisation of documentation and data elements used in trade according to international standards for the purpose of facilitating the flow of trade between them in customs-related matters regarding the importation, exportation and transit of goods;

- (b) intensifying cooperation between their customs laboratories and scientific departments and to working towards the harmonisation of customs laboratories methods;
- (c) exchanging customs' personnel;
- (d) jointly organising training programmes on customs-related issues, for the officials who participate directly in customs procedures;
- (e) developing effective mechanisms for communicating with the trade and business communities;
- (f) assisting, to the extent practicable, each other in the tariff classification, valuation and determination of origin;
- (g) promoting strong and efficient intellectual property rights enforcement by customs authorities, regarding imports, exports, re-exports, transit, transhipments and other customs procedures, and in particular as regards counterfeit goods; and
- (h) improving the security, while facilitating trade, of sea-container and other shipments from all locations that are imported into, transhipped through, or transiting the Parties. The Parties agree that the objectives of the intensified and broadened cooperation include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) working together to reinforce the customs related aspects for securing the logistics chain of international trade; and
 - (ii) coordinating positions, to the greatest extent practicable, in any multilateral fora where issues related to container security may be appropriately raised and discussed.
- 5. The Parties recognise that technical cooperation between them is fundamental to facilitating compliance with the obligations set forth in this Agreement and to achieving high levels of trade facilitation. The Parties, through their customs administrations, agree to develop a technical cooperation programme under mutually agreed terms as to the scope, timing and cost of cooperative measures in customs and customs-related areas.
- 6. Through the Parties' respective customs administrations and other border-related authorities, the Parties shall review relevant international initiatives on trade facilitation, including, *inter alia*, relevant work in the WTO and WCO, to identify areas where further joint action would facilitate trade between the Parties and promote shared multilateral objectives. The Parties shall work together to establish, wherever possible, common positions in international organizations in the field of customs and trade facilitation, notably in the WTO and WCO.
- 7. The Parties shall assist each other in implementation and enforcement of this Chapter, the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures, and their respective customs laws or regulations.

ARTICLE 3.15: MUTUAL ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANCE IN CUSTOMS MATTERS

The Parties shall provide mutual administrative assistance in customs matters in accordance with the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Turkey and the Government of the Republic of Korea on Cooperation and Mutual Assistance in Customs Matters.

ARTICLE 3.16: CUSTOMS CONTACT POINTS

- 1. The Parties shall exchange lists of designated contact points for matters arising under this Chapter and the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures.
- 2. The contact points shall endeavour to resolve operational matters covered by this Chapter through consultations. If a matter cannot be resolved through the contact points, the matter shall be referred to the Customs Committee referred to in Article 3.17.

ARTICLE 3.17: CUSTOMS COMMITTEE

- 1. The Parties hereby establish the Customs Committee pursuant to Article 7.2 (Committees and Working Groups) of the Framework Agreement. The Customs Committee shall ensure the proper functioning of this Chapter and the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures and examine all issues arising from their application. For matters covered by this Agreement, it shall report to the Joint Committee established pursuant to 7.1 (Joint Committee) of the Framework Agreement.
- 2. The Customs Committee shall consist of representatives of the customs and other competent authorities of the Parties responsible for customs and trade facilitation matters, and for the management of the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures.
- 3. The Customs Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure, if considered necessary, and meet annually, the location of the meeting alternating between the Parties.
- 4. On request of a Party, the Customs Committee shall meet to discuss and endeavour to resolve any difference that may arise between the Parties on matters as included in this Chapter and the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures.
- 5. The Customs Committee may formulate resolutions, recommendations or opinions which it considers necessary for the attainment of the common objectives and sound functioning of the mechanisms established in this Chapter and the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures.

CHAPTER 4 TRADE REMEDIES

Section A: Bilateral Safeguard Measures

ARTICLE 4.1: APPLICATION OF A BILATERAL SAFEGUARD MEASURE

- 1. If, as a result of the reduction or elimination of a customs duty under this Agreement, originating goods of a Party are being imported into the territory of the other Party in such increased quantities, in absolute terms or relative to domestic production, and under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause serious injury to a domestic industry producing like or directly competitive goods, the importing Party may adopt measures provided for in paragraph 2 in accordance with the conditions and procedures laid down in this Section.
- 2. The importing Party may take a bilateral safeguard measure which:
 - suspends further reduction of the rate of customs duty on the good concerned provided for under this Agreement; or
 - (b) increases the rate of customs duty on the good to a level which does not exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the MFN applied rate of customs duty on the good in effect at the time the measure is taken; or
 - (ii) the base rate of customs duty specified in the Schedules included in Annex 2 (Reduction or Elimination of Customs Duties) pursuant to Article 2.4 (Reduction or Elimination of Customs Duties).

ARTICLE 4.2: CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- 1. A Party shall notify the other Party in writing of the initiation of an investigation described in paragraph 2 and consult with the other Party as far in advance of applying a bilateral safeguard measure as practicable, with a view to reviewing the information arising from the investigation and exchanging views on the measure.
- 2. A Party shall apply a bilateral safeguard measure only following an investigation by its competent authorities in accordance with Articles 3 and 4.2(c) of the Safeguards Agreement and to this end, Articles 3 and 4.2(c) of the Safeguards Agreement are incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.
- 3. In the investigation described in paragraph 2, the Party shall comply with the requirements of Article 4.2(a) of the Safeguards Agreement and to this end, Article 4.2(a) of the Safeguards Agreement is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*.

- 4. Each Party shall ensure that its competent authorities complete any such investigation within one year of its date of initiation.
- 5. Neither Party shall apply a bilateral safeguard measure:
 - (a) except to the extent, and for such time, as may be necessary to prevent or remedy serious injury and to facilitate adjustment;
 - (b) for a period exceeding two years, except that the period may be extended by up to one year if the competent authorities of the applying Party determine, in conformity with the procedures specified in this Article, that the measure continues to be necessary to prevent or remedy serious injury and to facilitate adjustment and that there is evidence that the industry is adjusting, provided that the total period of application of a bilateral safeguard measure, including the period of initial application and any extension thereof, shall not exceed three years; or
 - (c) beyond the expiration of the transition period, except with the consent of the other Party.
- 6. When a Party terminates a bilateral safeguard measure, the rate of customs duty shall be the rate that, according to its Schedule included in Annex 2 (Reduction or Elimination of Customs Duties), would have been in effect but for the measure.
- 7. Neither Party shall apply a safeguard measure more than once against the same good.
- 8. Where the expected duration of the safeguard measure is over one year, the applying Party shall progressively liberalise it at regular intervals.

ARTICLE 4.3: PROVISIONAL MEASURES

- 1. In critical circumstances where delay would cause damage that would be difficult to repair, a Party may apply a bilateral safeguard measure on a provisional basis pursuant to a preliminary determination that there is clear evidence that imports of an originating good from the other Party have increased as the result of the reduction or elimination of a customs duty under this Agreement, and such imports cause serious injury, or threat thereof, to the domestic industry.
- 2. Before applying a safeguard measure on a provisional basis, the applying Party shall notify the other Party and shall immediately initiate consultations after applying the measure.
- 3. The duration of any provisional measure shall not exceed 200 days, during which time the Party shall comply with the requirements of Articles 4.2.2 and 4.2.3. The Party shall promptly refund any tariff increases if the investigation described in Article 4.2.2 does not result in a finding that the requirements of Article 4.1 are met. The duration of any provisional measure shall be counted as part of the period prescribed by Article 4.2.5(b).

ARTICLE 4.4: COMPENSATION

- 1. A Party applying a bilateral safeguard measure shall consult with the other Party in order to mutually agree on appropriate trade liberalising compensation in the form of concessions having substantially equivalent trade effects or equivalent to the value of the additional duties expected to result from the safeguard measure. The Party shall provide an opportunity for such consultations no later than 30 days after the application of the bilateral safeguard measure.
- 2. If the consultations under paragraph 1 do not result in an agreement on trade liberalising compensation within 30 days after the consultations begin, the Party whose goods are subject to the bilateral safeguard measure may suspend the application of substantially equivalent concessions to the Party applying the safeguard measure.
- 3. The right of suspension referred to in paragraph 2 shall not be exercised for the first two years during which a bilateral safeguard measure is in effect, provided that the safeguard measure has been taken as a result of an absolute increase in imports and that such measure conforms to this Agreement.

ARTICLE 4.5: DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Section:

serious injury and **threat of serious injury** shall be understood in accordance with Article 4.1(a) and (b) of the Safeguards Agreement. To this end, Article 4.1(a) and (b) of the Safeguards Agreement is incorporated into and made part of this Agreement, *mutatis mutandis*;

transition period means the 10-year period following the date of entry into force of this Agreement.

Section B: Global Safeguard Measures

ARTICLE 4.6: GLOBAL SAFEGUARD MEASURES

- 1. Each Party retains its rights and obligations under Article XIX of GATT 1994 and the Safeguards Agreement. Unless otherwise provided in this Article, this Agreement does not confer any additional rights or impose any additional obligations on the Parties with regard to measures taken under Article XIX of GATT 1994 and the Safeguards Agreement.
- 2. At the request of the other Party, the Party intending to take safeguard measures shall provide immediately *ad hoc* written notification of all pertinent information on the initiation of a safeguard investigation, the provisional findings and the final findings of the investigation.

- 3. Neither Party shall apply, with respect to the same good, at the same time:
 - (a) a bilateral safeguard measure in accordance with Article 4.1; and
 - (b) a measure under Article XIX of GATT 1994 and the Safeguards Agreement.
- 4. Neither Party shall have recourse to Chapter 6 (Dispute Settlement) of the Framework Agreement for any matter arising under this Section.

Section C: Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Duties

ARTICLE 4.7: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1. Sharing the need to condemn unfair competition in their bilateral trade and agreeing to enhance and promote fair competition, the Parties maintain their rights and obligations under Article VI and XVI of GATT 1994, the Anti-Dumping Agreement and the SCM Agreement.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, this Agreement does not confer any additional rights or obligations on the Parties with regard to the initiation and conduct of dumping and subsidy investigations as well as the application of anti-dumping and countervailing measures.
- 3. In order to enhance transparency in the implementation of the WTO Agreement in anti-dumping or countervailing cases between the Parties:
 - (a) when anti-dumping margins are established on the weighted-to-weighted basis or transaction-to-transaction basis, or weighted-to-transaction basis, all individual margins, whether positive or negative, should be counted toward the average²;
 - (b) on the condition that the level of anti-dumping or countervailing duty is sufficient to remove the injury, the investigating Party is expected to systematically impose a duty lesser than the dumping margin or amount of subsidy; and
 - the investigating Party shall request an exporter or producer in the territory of the other Party for the timely response to its questionnaires. When the investigating Party finds major deficiency in information in a questionnaire response from relevant exporter or producer received before the deadline or requires clarifications for the purpose of investigation, the investigating Party shall demand missing information or request clarification of information concerning the answers to the

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² This is without prejudice to the position each Party takes in the WTO's DDA Negotiations on Rules.

questionnaires. This procedure shall not be used to cause unwarranted delays in the investigation or to circumvent the deadlines.

ARTICLE 4.8: NOTIFICATION AND CONSULTATIONS

- 1. After receipt by a Party's competent authorities of a properly documented antidumping application with respect to imports from the other Party, and no later than 15 days before initiating an investigation, the Party shall provide written notification to the other Party of its receipt of the application.
- 2. After receipt by a Party's competent authorities of a properly documented countervailing duty application with respect to imports from the other Party, and before initiating an investigation, the Party shall provide written notification to the other Party of its receipt of the application and afford the other Party a meeting to consult with its competent authorities regarding the application.

ARTICLE 4.9: INVESTIGATION AFTER TERMINATION RESULTING FROM A REVIEW

The Parties agree to examine, with special care, any application for initiation of an antidumping investigation on a good originating in the other Party and on which anti-dumping measures have been terminated in the previous 12 months as a result of a review. Unless this pre-initiation examination indicates that the circumstances have changed, the investigation shall not proceed.

ARTICLE 4.10: CUMULATIVE ASSESSMENT

When imports from more than one country are simultaneously subject to anti-dumping or countervailing duty investigation, a Party shall examine, with special care, whether the cumulative assessment of the effect of the imports of the other Party is appropriate in light of the conditions of competition between the imported goods and the conditions of competition between the imported goods.

ARTICLE 4.11: DE-MINIMIS STANDARD APPLICABLE TO REVIEW

- 1. Any measure subject to a review in accordance with Article 11 of the Anti-Dumping Agreement shall be terminated where it is determined that the dumping margin if calculated is less than the *de-minimis* threshold set out in Article 5.8 of the Anti-Dumping Agreement.
- 2. When determining individual margins in accordance with Article 9.5 of the Anti-Dumping Agreement, no duty shall be imposed on exporters or producers in the exporting Party for which it is determined, on the basis of representative export sales, that the dumping margin is less than the *de-minimis* threshold set out in Article 5.8 of the Anti-Dumping Agreement.

ARTICLE 4.12: DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

Neither Party shall have recourse to Chapter 6 (Dispute Settlement) of the Framework Agreement for any matter arising under this Section.

CHAPTER 5 TECHNICAL BARRIERS TO TRADE

ARTICLE 5.1: AFFIRMATION OF THE TBT AGREEMENT

Each Party affirms its existing rights and obligations with respect to each other under the TBT Agreement.

ARTICLE 5.2: SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

- 1. This Chapter shall apply to the preparation, adoption and application of standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures as defined in the TBT Agreement that may affect trade in goods between the Parties.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, this Chapter shall not apply to:
 - (a) purchasing specifications prepared by governmental bodies for production or consumption requirements of such bodies; or
 - (b) sanitary and phytosanitary measures as defined in Annex A of the SPS Agreement.
- 3. For the purposes of this Chapter, the definitions of Annex 1 of the TBT Agreement shall apply.

ARTICLE 5.3: COOPERATION

- 1. The Parties shall strengthen their cooperation in the field of standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures with a view to increasing the mutual understanding of their respective systems and facilitating access to their respective markets.
- 2. In their bilateral cooperation, the Parties shall seek to identify, develop and promote trade facilitating initiatives which may include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) reinforcing cooperation through, for example, the exchange of information, experiences and data and scientific and technical cooperation with a view to improving the quality and level of their technical regulations and making efficient use of regulatory resources;
 - (b) where appropriate, simplifying technical regulations, standards and conformity assessment procedures;
 - (c) where the Parties agree, and where appropriate, for example where no international standard exists, avoiding unnecessary divergence in approach to regulations and conformity assessment procedures, and working towards the possibility of converging or aligning technical requirements; and

- (d) promoting and encouraging bilateral cooperation between their respective organizations, public or private, responsible for metrology, standardisation, testing, certification and accreditation.
- 3. On request, a Party shall give due consideration to proposals that the other Party makes for cooperation under the terms of this Chapter.
- 4. Each Party shall give positive consideration to a request by the other Party to negotiate agreements for the recognition of the results of its conformity assessment procedures conducted by bodies in the other Party's territory in areas, *inter alia* pharmaceutical products, medical devices, electronics, motor vehicles and parts, and chemicals.

ARTICLE 5.4: TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

The Parties agree:

- (a) to fulfil the transparency obligations of the Parties as indicated in the TBT Agreement; and
- (b) to use relevant international standards as a basis for technical regulations including conformity assessment procedures, except when such international standards would be an ineffective or inappropriate means for the fulfilment of the legitimate objectives pursued.

ARTICLE 5.5: STANDARDS

- 1. The Parties reconfirm their obligations under Article 4.1 of the TBT Agreement to ensure that their standardizing bodies accept and comply with the Code of Good Practice for the Preparation and Adoption of Standards in Annex 3 to the TBT Agreement, and also have regard to the principles set out in *Decisions and Recommendations adopted by the Committee* since 1 January 1995, G/TBT/1/rev.10, 9 June 2011, Annex B (*Decision of the Committee on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations with relation to Articles 2, 5 and Annex 3 of the TBT Agreement*), issued by the WTO Committee on Technical Barriers to Trade.
- 2. The Parties undertake to exchange information on:
 - (a) their use of standards in connection with technical regulations;
 - (b) each other's standardisation processes, and the extent of use of international standards as a basis for their national and regional standards; and
 - (c) cooperation agreements implemented by either Party on standardisation, for example information on standardisation issues in free trade agreements with non-parties.

ARTICLE 5.6: CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION

- 1. The Parties recognise that a broad range of mechanisms exist to facilitate the acceptance of the results of conformity assessment procedures conducted in the territory of the other Party, including:
 - (a) agreements on mutual acceptance of the results of conformity assessment procedures with respect to specific technical regulations conducted by bodies located in the territory of the other Party;
 - (b) accreditation procedures for qualifying conformity assessment bodies located in the territory of the other Party;
 - (c) governmental designation of conformity assessment bodies located in the territory of the other Party;
 - (d) recognition by a Party of the results of conformity assessment procedures conducted in the territory of the other Party;
 - (e) voluntary arrangements between conformity assessment bodies in the territory of each Party; and
 - (f) the importing Party's acceptance of a supplier's declaration of conformity.
- 2. Having regard in particular to those considerations, the Parties undertake:
 - (a) to intensify their exchange of information on these and similar mechanisms with a view to facilitating the acceptance of conformity assessment results;
 - (b) to exchange information on conformity assessment procedures, and in particular on the criteria used to select appropriate conformity assessment procedures for specific products;
 - (c) to exchange information on accreditation policy, and to consider how to make best use of international standards for accreditation, and international agreements involving the Parties' accreditation bodies, for example, through the mechanisms of the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation and the International Accreditation Forum; and
 - (d) in line with Article 5.1.2 of the TBT Agreement, to require conformity assessment procedures that are not more strict than necessary.

ARTICLE 5.7: MARKET SURVEILLANCE

The Parties undertake to exchange views on market surveillance and enforcement activities.

ARTICLE 5.8: COORDINATION MECHANISM

- 1. The Parties agree to nominate TBT Coordinators and to give appropriate information to the other Party when their TBT Coordinator changes. The TBT Coordinators shall work jointly in order to facilitate the implementation of this Chapter and cooperation between the Parties in all matters pertaining to this Chapter.
- 2. The Coordinator's functions shall include:
 - (a) monitoring the implementation and administration of this Chapter, promptly addressing any issue that either Party raises related to the development, adoption, application or enforcement of standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures, and upon either Party's request, consulting on any matter arising under this Chapter;
 - (b) enhancing cooperation in the development and improvement of standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures;
 - (c) arranging the establishment of working groups, which may include or consult with non-governmental experts and stakeholders as mutually agreed by the Parties;
 - (d) exchanging information on developments in non-governmental, regional and multilateral fora related to standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures; and
 - (e) reviewing this Chapter in light of any developments under the TBT Agreement.
- 3. The Coordinators shall communicate with each other by any agreed method that is appropriate for the efficient and effective discharge of their functions.
- 4. For the purposes of this Article, the TBT Coordinator shall be:
 - (a) in the case of Korea, the Korean Agency for Technology and Standards, or its successor; and
 - (b) in the case of Turkey, the Ministry of Economy, Directorate General for Product Safety and Inspections, or its successor.

ARTICLE 5.9: EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

- 1. When information or explanation is provided by a Party on request of the other Party pursuant to this Chapter, it shall be provided in print, electronically or through any other appropriate means within a reasonable period.
- 2. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to require a Party to furnish any information the disclosure of which it considers is contrary to its essential security interests.

ARTICLE 5.10: TRANSPARENCY

- 1. Each Party shall ensure that economic operators of the other Party, located in its territory and registered under its relevant laws and regulations, are allowed to participate in any formal public consultative process concerning development of technical regulations, on terms no less favourable than those accorded to its own legal or natural persons.
- 2. Notwithstanding Article 4.1.2 (Exchange of Information) of the Framework Agreement, each Party shall electronically notify the other Party's Coordinator established under Article 5.8 at the same time as it makes its notification to the WTO Central Registry of Notifications in accordance with the TBT Agreement of:
 - (a) its proposed technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures; and
 - (b) its technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures adopted to address urgent problems of safety, health, environmental protection or national security arising or threatening to arise.
- 3. For technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures referred to in Article 2.9 and 5.6 of the TBT Agreement, respectively, the Parties agree:
 - (a) when a Party has adopted or is proposing to adopt a technical regulation or conformity assessment procedure, to provide the other Party on request with available information regarding the objective and rationale for the technical regulation or conformity assessment procedure;
 - (b) to establish mechanisms for providing improved information on technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures, including through a public website, to the other Party;
 - (c) to take appropriate consideration of the other Party's views where a part of the process of developing a technical regulation is open to public consultation and to exchange comments and responses through the TBT Coordinators established under Article 5.8;
 - (d) when making notifications in accordance with the TBT Agreement, where possible, to allow a period of at least 60 days following the notification for the other Party to provide comments in writing on the proposal; and
 - (e) to give due consideration to leave sufficient time between the publication of technical regulations or conformity assessment procedures and their entry into force for economic operators of the other Party to adapt, except where urgent problems of safety, health, environmental protection or national security arise or threaten to arise, and where practicable to give appropriate consideration to reasonable requests for extending the comment period.



CHAPTER 6 FINAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 6.1: ENTRY INTO FORCE

- 1. This Agreement shall be approved by the Parties in accordance with their own procedures.
- 2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month, following the date of the exchange of the written notifications through diplomatic channels, by which the Parties inform each other that all necessary requirements foreseen by their domestic legislation for the entry into force of this Agreement have been fulfilled, or on such other date as the Parties may agree.

ARTICLE 6.2: DURATION

- 1. This Agreement shall be valid indefinitely.
- 2. Either Party may notify in writing the other Party of its intention to denounce this Agreement.
- 3. The denunciation shall take effect six months after the notification under paragraph 2.

ARTICLE 6.3: ANNEXES, PROTOCOLS, AND NOTES

The Annexes, Protocols, and Notes to this Agreement shall form an integral part thereof.

ARTICLE 6.4: AMENDMENTS

The Parties may agree, in writing, to amend this Agreement. An amendment shall enter into force after the Parties exchange written notifications certifying that they have completed their respective applicable legal requirements and procedures, or on such other date as the Parties may agree.

ARTICLE 6.5: RELATION WITH OTHER AGREEMENTS

The Parties confirm their rights and obligations under the WTO Agreement and under any other international agreement to which they are a party.

ARTICLE 6.6: CUSTOMS UNIONS AND FREE TRADE AREAS

1. Nothing in this Agreement shall preclude the maintenance or establishment of customs unions, free trade areas or other arrangements between either of the Parties and

non-parties, insofar as they do not alter the rights and obligations provided for in this Agreement.

- 2. On request of a Party, consultations between the Parties shall take place within the Joint Committee concerning agreements establishing or adjusting customs unions or free trade areas and, where required, on other major issues related to the Parties' respective trade policies with non-parties.
- 3. In case of accession of Turkey to the European Union, the Parties shall enter into consultations on the consequences of the accession.

ARTICLE 6.7: AUTHENTIC TEXTS

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Turkish, Korean and English languages, each of these texts being equally authentic. In case of divergence, the English text shall prevail.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned plenipotentiaries, being duly authorised thereto, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at, Republic of ..., in duplicate, this ... day of ... two thousand and t welve.

For the Republic of Korea

For the Republic of Turkey

PROTOCOL ON RULES OF ORIGIN AND ORIGIN PROCEDURES

Section A: Rules of Origin

ARTICLE 1: DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Protocol:

chapters, headings, and **subheadings** mean the chapters (two-digit codes), the headings (four-digit codes) and the subheadings (six-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which make up the Harmonized System (HS);

classified refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular chapter, heading and subheading;

consignment means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;

customs authorities means "Ministry of Customs and Trade" for Turkey, "Ministry of Strategy and Finance" and "Korea Customs Service" for Korea;

customs value means the value as determined in accordance with the Customs Valuation Agreement;

ex-works price means the price paid or payable for the product ex works to the manufacturer in a Party in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or should be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;

goods means materials, products or articles;

manufacture means any kind of working or processing including growing, fishing, raising, hunting, assembly or specific operations;

material means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of a product;

product means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use as a material in another manufacturing operation;

value of the non-originating materials means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable³ price paid for the materials in either Party; and

value of originating materials means the value of such materials as defined in "value of the non-originating materials" applied *mutatis mutandis*.

ARTICLE 2: ORIGINATING PRODUCTS

For the purpose of a preferential tariff treatment the following products shall be considered as originating in a Party:

- (a) products wholly obtained in a Party within the meaning of Article 4;
- (b) products obtained in a Party incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the Party concerned within the meaning of Article 5; or
- (c) products obtained in a Party exclusively from materials that qualify as originating pursuant to this Protocol.

ARTICLE 3: CUMULATION OF ORIGIN

Notwithstanding Article 2, products shall be considered as originating in a Party if such products are obtained there, incorporating materials originating in the other Party, provided that the working or processing carried out goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 6. It shall not be necessary that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing.

ARTICLE 4: WHOLLY OBTAINED PRODUCTS

- 1. For the purposes of Article 2(a), the following shall be considered as wholly obtained in a Party:
 - (a) mineral products extracted from the soil or from the seabed in the territory of a Party;
 - (b) vegetable products grown and harvested there;
 - (c) live animals born and raised there;
 - (d) products from live animals born and raised there;

³ ascertainable means "established in accordance with the Customs Valuation Agreement"

- (e) (i) products obtained by hunting, trapping within the land territory or fishing, conducted within the land waters or within the territorial sea of a Party;
 - (ii) products of aquaculture, where the fish, crustaceans and mollusc are born and raised there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial sea of a Party by its vessels;
- (g) products made aboard its factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
- (h) products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside the territorial sea of a Party provided that a Party has rights to exploit that soil or subsoil;
- (i) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials or for use as waste;
- (j) waste and scrap derived from manufacturing or processing operations conducted there; or
- (k) products manufactured in a Party exclusively from the products referred to in this paragraph.
- 2. The terms "its vessels" and "its factory ships" in paragraph 1(f) and (g) shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:
 - (a) which are registered in either Party;
 - (b) which sail under the flag of either Party; and
 - (c) which meet one of the following conditions:
 - (i) they are at least 50 percent owned by nationals of either Party; or
 - (ii) they are owned by companies:
 - (A) which have their head office and their main place of business in either Party; and
 - (B) which are at least 50 percent owned by either Party, public entities of either Party, or nationals of either Party.

ARTICLE 5: SUFFICIENTLY WORKED OR PROCESSED PRODUCTS

- 1. For the purposes of Article 2(b), products which are not wholly obtained are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Annex II or Annex II(a) are fulfilled. The conditions set out in the list in Annex II or Annex II(a) indicate, for all products covered by this Agreement, the working or processing which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. It follows that if:
 - (a) non-originating materials undergo sufficient working or processing, which results in an originating product, and when that product is used in a subsequent manufacture of another product, no account shall be taken of the non-originating material contained therein; and
 - (b) non-originating and originating materials undergo processing, which results in a non-originating product, and when that product is used in a subsequent manufacture of another product, account shall be taken only of the non-originating materials contained therein⁴.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list in Annex II, should not be used in the manufacture of a product may nevertheless be used, provided that:
 - (a) their total value does not exceed 10 percent of the ex-works price of the product; and
 - (b) any of the percentages given in the list in Annex II, for the maximum value of non-originating materials are not exceeded through the application of this paragraph.
- 3. Paragraph 2 shall not apply to products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the HS.
- 4. Paragraphs 1 through 3 shall apply subject to Article 6.

ARTICLE 6: INSUFFICIENT WORKING OR PROCESSING

- 1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered to be insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products whether or not the requirements of Article 5 are satisfied:
 - (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;

⁴ For the purposes of Article 5.1(b), the value of non-originating material can be acquired by deducting from the ex-works price of the product the value of originating material, including self-produced originating material used in producing the resulting non-originating material. The value of originating material that is self-produced includes all the costs incurred in the production of the material and an amount for profit equivalent to the profit added in the normal course of trade.

- (b) change of packaging, breaking-up and assembly of packages;
- (c) washing, cleaning; removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
- (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
- (e) simple painting and polishing operations;
- (f) husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice;
- (g) operations to colour or flavour sugar or form sugar lumps; partial or total milling of crystal sugar;
- (h) peeling, stoning and shelling of fruits, nuts and vegetables;
- (i) sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting;
- (j) sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading or matching (including the making-up of sets of articles);
- (k) simple placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases or boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations;
- (l) affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (m) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds; mixing of sugar with any material;
- (n) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts;
- (o) testing or calibrations;
- (p) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) through (o); or
- (q) slaughter of animals.⁵

2. All operations carried out in a Party on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

⁵ For the purposes of Article 6, "simple" describes activities which need neither special skills nor machines, apparatus or equipment especially produced or installed for carrying out the activity. However, simple mixing does not include chemical reaction. **Chemical reaction** means a process, including a biochemical process, which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intermolecular bonds and by forming new intermolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in molecule.

ARTICLE 7: UNIT OF QUALIFICATION

- 1. The unit of qualification for the application of this Protocol shall be the product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the HS. It follows that:
 - (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the HS in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification; and
 - (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the HS, each product must be taken individually when applying this Protocol.
- 2. Where, under General Rule 5 of the HS, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin, and considered as originating if the product is originating.

ARTICLE 8: ACCESSORIES, SPARE PARTS AND TOOLS

Accessories, spare parts and tools delivered with a product, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as one with the product in question.

ARTICLE 9: SETS OF GOODS

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the HS, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating, and both the set and the products meet all other applicable requirements in this Protocol. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 percent of the ex-works price of the set.

ARTICLE 10: NEUTRAL ELEMENTS

In order to determine whether a product originates, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the goods which might be used in its manufacture but which do not enter and which are not intended to enter into the final composition of the product.⁶

(b) plant and equipment;

⁶ For the purposes of Article 10, neutral elements, for example, will include:

⁽a) energy and fuel;

⁽c) machines and tools; and

⁽d) goods which do not enter and which are not intended to enter into the final composition of the product.

ARTICLE 11: ACCOUNTING SEGREGATION OF MATERIALS

- 1. Where identical and interchangeable originating and non-originating materials are used in the manufacture of a product, those materials shall be physically segregated, according to their origin, during storage.⁷
- 2. Where considerable costs or material difficulties arise in keeping separate stocks of identical and interchangeable originating and non-originating materials used in the manufacture of a product, the producer may use the so-called "accounting segregation" method for managing stocks.
- 3. This method is recorded and applied in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles applicable in the Party where the product is manufactured.
- 4. This method must be able to ensure that, for a specific reference-period, no more products receive originating status than would be the case if the materials had been physically segregated.⁸
- 5. A Party may require that the application of the method for managing stocks provided for in this Article is subject to a prior authorisation by customs authorities. Should this be the case, the customs authorities may grant such an authorisation subject to any conditions deemed appropriate and they shall monitor the use of the authorisation and may withdraw it at any time whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of it in any manner or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in this Protocol.

ARTICLE 12: PRINCIPLE OF TERRITORIALITY

- 1. Except as provided for in Article 3 and paragraph 3, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Articles 2 through 11 must be fulfilled without interruption in a Party.
- 2. Except as provided for in Article 3, where originating goods exported from a Party to a non-party return, they must be considered as non-originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
 - (a) the returning goods are the same as those exported; and
 - (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that non-party or while being exported.

⁷ For the purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) of Article 11, **identical and interchangeable materials** means materials being of the same kind and commercial quality, possessing the same technical and physical characteristics, and which cannot be distinguished from one another for origin purposes, once they are incorporated into the finished product.

⁸ For the purposes of this paragraph, specific "period" will be determined in accordance with the relevant domestic laws and regulations of each Party.

3. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2, the Parties agree that certain goods shall be considered to be originating even if they have undergone working or processing outside Korea, on materials exported from Korea and subsequently re-imported there, provided that the working or processing is done in the areas designated by the Parties pursuant to Annex IV.

ARTICLE 13: DIRECT TRANSPORT

- 1. The preferential treatment provided for under this Agreement applies only to products, satisfying the requirements of this Protocol which are transported directly between the Parties. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, trans-shipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they are not released for free circulation in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.
- 2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authority, in accordance with the procedures applicable in the importing Party, by the production of one of the following:
 - evidence of the circumstances connected with transhipment or the storage of the originating products in non-parties;
 - (b) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting Party through the country of transit; or
 - (c) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
 - (i) giving an exact description of the products;
 - (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used; and
 - (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the country of transit.

ARTICLE 14: EXHIBITIONS

- 1. Originating products, sent for exhibition in the territory of a non-party and sold after the exhibition for importation in either Party, shall benefit on importation from this Agreement, provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
 - (a) an exporter has consigned these products from either Party to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
 - (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in either Party;

- (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
- (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
- 2. A proof of origin must be made out in accordance with Articles 16 through 23 and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party in accordance with the procedures applicable in the importing Party. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which the products have been exhibited may be required.
- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display, which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

Section B: Origin Procedures

ARTICLE 15: DRAWBACK OF, OR EXEMPTION FROM, CUSTOMS DUTIES

After five years from the entry into force of this Agreement, upon the request of either Party, the Customs Committee shall review the operation of duty drawback and inward processing schemes of the Parties. The Customs Committee may establish the criteria to review duty drawback and inward processing issues of the Parties. During this review, the Customs Committee will also take into account developments in the Korea-EU FTA.

ARTICLE 16: ORIGIN DECLARATION

- 1. Products originating in a Party shall, on importation into the other Party, benefit from preferential tariff treatment of this Agreement on the basis of a proof of origin in the form of a declaration, subsequently referred to as the "origin declaration", given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified. The text of the origin declaration appears in Annex III.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Protocol shall, in the cases specified in Article 20, benefit from this Agreement without it being necessary to submit any of the documents referred to in paragraph 1.

ARTICLE 17: CONDITIONS FOR MAKING OUT AN ORIGIN DECLARATION

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, an origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in either Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol.

- 2. The exporter making out an origin declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, on request of the customs authorities of the exporting Party, a copy of the origin declaration and all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned including statements from the suppliers or producers in accordance with domestic legislation as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol. For this purpose, the said customs authorities shall have the right to carry out inspections of the exporters or the producer's account records or any other controls considered appropriate.
- 3. An origin declaration shall be made out in English by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the text which appears in Annex III, and in accordance with the domestic law of the exporting Party. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in capital characters.
- 4. Origin declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript.
- 5. An origin declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing Party no longer than two years or the period specified in the legislation of the importing Party after the importation of the products to which it relates.

ARTICLE 18: CLAIMS FOR PREFERENTIAL TARIFF TREATMENT AND SUBMISSION OF ORIGIN DECLARATION

- 1. For the purpose of claiming preferential tariff treatment, origin declarations shall, if required by the laws and regulations of the importing Party, be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party in accordance with the procedures applicable in that Party. The importing customs authority may require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions of this Protocol.
- 2. In order to obtain preferential tariff treatment, the importer shall, in accordance with the procedures applicable in the importing Party, request preferential tariff treatment at the time of importation of an originating product, whether or not he has an origin declaration. In the case that the importer at the time of importation does not have in his possession an origin declaration, the importer of the product may, in accordance with the law and regulations of the importing Party, present an origin declaration or other documentary evidence of origin, and if required, such other documentation relating to the importation of the product, at a later stage.
- 3. An origin declaration shall be valid for 12 months from the date of issue in the exporting Party, and preferential tariff treatment shall be claimed within the said period to the customs authorities of the importing Party.
- 4. Origin declarations which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing Party after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 3 may be accepted for the purpose of preferential tariff treatment in accordance with the respective laws and regulations of the importing Party, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.

5. In cases of belated presentation other than those of paragraph 4, the customs authorities of the importing Party may accept the origin declarations in accordance with the procedures of the Parties where the products have been presented before the said final date.

ARTICLE 19: IMPORTATION BY INSTALMENTS

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing Party, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the HS falling within Sections XVI and XVII or headings 7308 and 9406 of the HS are imported by instalments, a single origin declaration for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

ARTICLE 20: EXEMPTIONS FROM ORIGIN DECLARATION

- 1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of an origin declaration, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Protocol and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration may be made on a postal customs declaration or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
- 2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is intended.
- 3. Furthermore, the total value of these products shall not exceed:
 - (a) for importation into Turkey, 500 euros in the case of small packages or 1,200 euros in the case of products forming part of traveller's personal luggage;
 - (b) for importation into Korea, 1,000 US dollars both in the case of small packages and in the case of the products forming part of traveller's personal luggage.
- 4. For the purpose of paragraph 3, in cases where the products are invoiced in a currency other than euro or US dollars, amounts in the national currencies of the Parties equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro or US dollars shall be fixed in accordance with the current exchange rate applicable in the importing Party.

ARTICLE 21: SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

The documents referred to in Article 17.2 used for the purpose of proving that products covered by origin declarations can be considered to be products originating in either Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol may consist, *inter alia*, of the following:

- (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter, supplier or producer to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in his accounts or internal bookkeeping;
- (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in a Party where these documents are used as provided for in its domestic law;
- (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials in a Party, issued or made out in a Party where these documents are used as provided for in its domestic law;
- (d) origin declarations proving the originating status of materials used issued or made out in a Party in accordance with this Protocol; and
- (e) appropriate evidence concerning working or processing undergone outside the territories of the Parties by application of Article 12, proving that the requirements of that Article have been satisfied.

ARTICLE 22: PRESERVATION OF ORIGIN DECLARATION AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- 1. The exporter making out an origin declaration shall keep for five years a copy of this origin declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 17.2.
- 2. The importer shall keep all records related to the importation in accordance with laws and regulations of the importing Party.
- 3. An importer or exporter may choose to maintain the records specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 in any medium that allows for prompt retrieval, including, but not limited to, digital, electronic, optical, magnetic, or written form.

ARTICLE 23: DISCREPANCIES AND FORMAL ERRORS

- 1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the origin declaration and those made in the documents submitted to the customs authorities for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not, *ipso facto*, render the origin declaration null and void if it is duly established that such document does correspond to the products submitted.
- 2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on an origin declaration should not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.

ARTICLE 24: MUTUAL ASSISTANCE

The customs authorities of the Parties shall provide each other with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for verifying origin declarations.

ARTICLE 25: VERIFICATION OF ORIGIN DECLARATIONS

- 1. In order to ensure the proper application of this Protocol, the Parties shall assist each other, through the customs authorities, in checking the authenticity of the origin declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents.
- 2. Subsequent verifications of origin declarations shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing Party have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Protocol.
- 3. For the purposes of implementing paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing Party shall return the origin declarations or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting Party giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the enquiry. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the origin declaration is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.
- 4. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting Party. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's account records or any other check considered appropriate.
- 5. If the customs authorities of the importing Party decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.
- 6. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be provided with the results of this verification including findings and facts, as soon as possible. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in a Party and fulfil the other requirements of this Protocol.
- 7. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within 10 months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities may, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preference.
- 8. Subject to any conditions set out by the customs authorities of the exporting Party, the customs officials of the importing Party may be present as an observer in an origin verification conducted by the customs authorities of the exporting Party.

ARTICLE 26: DENIAL OF PREFERENTIAL TARIFF TREATMENT

Only for the following specific reasons, the preferential treatment may be refused without verification of the origin declaration as the declaration can be considered as inapplicable when:

- (a) the requirements on direct transport of Article 13 have not been fulfilled;
- (b) the origin declaration is produced subsequently for products that were initially imported fraudulently;
- (c) the origin declaration has been issued by an exporter from a non-party to this Agreement; or
- (d) the importer fails to submit an origin declaration to the customs authorities of the importing Party within the period specified in legislation of the importing Party.

ARTICLE 27: THIRD PARTY INVOICE

The customs authority of the importing Party may accept origin declarations in cases where the sales invoice is issued either by a company located in a third country or by an exporter for the account of the said company, provided that the goods meet the requirements of this Protocol.

ARTICLE 28: CONSULTATIONS AND DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

- 1. Where disputes arise in relation to this Protocol and Chapter 3 (Customs and Trade Facilitation), the customs authorities of a Party may consult with the customs authorities of the other Party on those issues. In the event that such consultations fail to resolve any such matter, they shall be submitted to the Customs Committee referred to in Article 3.17 (Customs Committee).
- 2. In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the competent authorities of the importing Party shall be under the legislation of the said Party.

ARTICLE 29: PENALTIES

Penalties shall be imposed in accordance with the legislation of the Parties on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining preferential treatment for products.

ARTICLE 30: FREE ZONES

- 1. The Parties shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of an origin declaration which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territories, are not substituted by other products and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.
- 2. By means of an exemption to paragraph 1, when products originating in a Party enter into a free zone under cover of an origin declaration and undergo treatment or processing, another origin declaration can be made out if the treatment or processing undergone is in conformity with this Protocol.

Section C: Final Provisions

ARTICLE 31: REVIEW AND AMENDMENTS

- 1. The Customs Committee may review the provisions of this Protocol, Annex II and Chapter 3 (Customs and Trade Facilitation), and discuss the necessary amendments on request of one of the Parties. While discussing those amendments, the Customs Committee shall take into account the development of technologies, production processes, price fluctuations and all other factors, which might justify the changes to the rules of origin.
- 2. Annex II will be adapted in accordance with the periodical changes to the HS.
- 3. Amendments determined by the Customs Committee after discussion according to paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be reported to the Joint Committee for final decision.

ARTICLE 32: TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR GOODS IN TRANSIT OR STORAGE

The provisions of this Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of this Protocol and which on the date of entry into force of this Agreement are either in transit, in temporary storage in customs warehouses or in free zones in the Parties, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing Party, within 12 months of that date, of an origin declaration made out retrospectively together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly in accordance with Article 13.

ANNEX I INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO THE LIST IN ANNEX II

Note 1:

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol.

Note 2:

- 2.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the subheading number, heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonized System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that subheading, heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in column 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an "ex", this signifies that the rules in column 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that subheading or heading as described in column 2.
- 2.2. Where several subheading or heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under the Harmonized System, are classified in subheadings or headings of the chapter or in any of the subheadings or headings grouped together in column 1.
- 2.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a subheading or heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the subheading or heading covered by the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4.
- 2.4. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt, as an alternative, to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 is to be applied.

Note 3:

3.1. The provisions of Article 5 of this Protocol, concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply, regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in a Party.

Example:

An engine of heading 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 50 percent of the ex-works price, is made from materials of heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204, 7205, or subheading 7224 10.

If this material has been processed in Turkey from a non-originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for subheading 7224 90 in the list. The material can then count as originating in the value-calculation for the engine, regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in Turkey. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

- 3.2. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required, and the carrying-out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying-out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus, if a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.3. Without prejudice to Note 3.2, where a rule uses the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading", then materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading..." means that materials of any heading(s) may be used, except those of the same description as the product as given in column 2 of the list.
- 3.4. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

Example:

The rule for fabrics of headings 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other, or both.

3.5. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule. (See also Note 6.2 below in relation to textiles.)

Example:

The rule for prepared foods of heading 1904, which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives, does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not products produced from cereals. However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular materials specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

Example:

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start

from non-woven cloth – even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn – that is, the fibre stage.

3.6. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.

Note 4:

- 4.1. The term "natural fibres" is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres which have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun.
- 4.2. The term "natural fibres" includes horsehair of heading 0511, silk of heading 5002 and 5003, as well as wool-fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 5101 to 5105, cotton fibres of headings 5201 to 5203, and other vegetable fibres of headings 5301 to 5305.
- 4.3. The terms "textile pulp", "chemical materials" and "paper-making materials" are used in the list to describe the materials, not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
- 4.4. The term "man-made staple fibres" is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings 5501 to 5507.

Note 5:

- 5.1. Where, for a given product in the list, reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in the manufacture of this product and which, taken together, represent 10 percent or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used. (See also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below.)
- 5.2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may be applied only to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

- silk.
- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax.
- true hemp,

- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- current-conducting filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped,
- yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped,
- products of heading 5605 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film,
- other products of heading 5605.

Example:

A yarn, of heading 5205, made from cotton fibres of heading 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 5506, is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres which do not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 percent of the weight of the yarn.

Example:

A woollen fabric, of heading 5112, made from woollen yarn of heading 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 5509, is a mixed fabric. Therefore, synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp), or woollen yarn which does not satisfy the origin-rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning), or a combination of the two, may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 percent of the weight of the fabric.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric, of heading 5802, made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and cotton fabric of heading 5210, is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric made from yarns classified in two separate headings, or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

Example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is, accordingly, a mixed product.

- 5.3. In the case of products incorporating "yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped", this tolerance is 20 percent in respect of this yarn.
- 5.4. In the case of products incorporating "strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film", this tolerance is 30 percent in respect of this strip.

Note 6:

- 6.1. Where, in the list, reference is made to this Note, textile materials (with the exception of linings and interlinings), which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made-up product concerned, may be used, provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed eight percent of the ex-works price of the product.
- 6.2. Without prejudice to Note 6.3, materials, which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63, may be used freely in the manufacture of textile products, whether or not they contain textiles.

Example:

If a rule in the list provides that, for a particular textile item (such as trousers), yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because buttons are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63. For the same reason, it does not prevent the use of slide-fasteners, even though slide-fasteners normally contain textiles.

6.3. Where a percentage-rule applies, the value of materials which are not classified within Chapters 50 to 63 must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

ANNEX II

LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON-ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER THAT THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED CAN OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS

The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by this Agreement. It is, therefore, necessary to consult the other parts of this Agreement.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-or confers originating sta	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
Chapter 1	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 shall	
1		be wholly obtained	
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the	
1		materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used	
		are wholly obtained	
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluses	Manufacture in which all the	
chapter 5	and other aquatic invertebrates	materials of Chapter 3 used are	
	1	wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 4	Dairy produce; birds' eggs;	Manufacture in which all the	
ex chapter 1	natural honey; edible products of	materials of Chapter 4 used are	
	animal origin, not elsewhere	wholly obtained	
	specified or included; except for:	wholly obtained	
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and	Manufacture in which:	
0103	cream, yoghurt, kephir and other	- all the materials of Chapter 4 used	
	fermented or acidified milk and	are wholly obtained,	
	cream, whether or not	- all the fruit juice (except that of	
	concentrated or containing added	pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of	
	sugar or other sweetening matter	heading 2009 used is originating,	
	or flavoured or containing added	and	
	fruit, nuts or cocoa	- the value of all the materials of	
	nuit, nuis or cocoa	Chapter 17 used does not exceed	
		30 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
Chapter 5	Products of animal origin, not	Manufacture in which all the	
Chapter 3	elsewhere specified or included	materials of Chapter 5 used are	
	ciscwhere specified of included	wholly obtained	
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants;	Manufacture in which:	
Chapter 0	bulbs, roots and the like; cut	- all the materials of Chapter 6 used	
	flowers and ornamental foliage	are wholly obtained, and	
	nowers and ornamental lonage	- the value of all the materials used	
		does not exceed 50 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
C1	F43.1 4-11 44	Manufacture in which all the	
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers		
	roots and tubers	materials of Chapter 7 used are	
C1	F.131 C '4 1 4 1 C	wholly obtained	
Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of	Manufacture in which:	
	citrus fruits or melons	- all the fruit and nuts of Chapter 8	
		used are wholly obtained, and	
		- the value of all the materials of	
		Chapter 17 used does not exceed	
		30 % of the value of the ex-works	
GI	G. St.	price of the product	
ex Chapter 9	Coffee, tea, maté and spices;	Manufacture in which all the	
	except for:	materials of Chapter 9 used are	
	1	wholly obtained	

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	r (4)
0901	Coffee, whether or not roasted or	Manufacture from materials of any	
	decaffeinated; coffee husks and	heading	
	skins; coffee substitutes		
	containing coffee in any		
	proportion		
ex 0902	Tea, whether or not flavoured,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading	
0902 10	Green tea (not fermented) in	Manufacture in which all the	
	immediate packings of a content	materials of Chapter 9 used are	
	not exceeding 3 kg	wholly obtained	
0910 91	Mixtures of spices	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading	
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the	
		materials of Chapter 10 used are	
		wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 11	Products of the milling industry;	Manufacture in which all the	
	malt; starches; inulin; wheat	materials of Chapter 7, 8, 10, 11	
	gluten; except for:	and 23 used are wholly obtained	
1106 10	Flour, meal and powder of the	Manufacture from materials of	
	dried leguminous vegetables of	any heading	
	heading 0713		
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits;	Manufacture in which all the	
	miscellaneous grains, seeds and	materials of Chapter 12 used are	
	fruit; industrial or medicinal	wholly obtained	
	plants; straw and fodder		
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-	Manufacture in which the value of	
	resins and oleoresins (for	all the materials of heading 1301	
	example, balsams)	used does not exceed 50 % of the	
		ex-works price of the product	
1302	Vegetable saps and extracts;	Manufacture in which the value of	
	pectic substances, pectinates and	all the materials used does not	
	pectates; agar-agar and other	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	mucilages and thickeners,	of the product	
	whether or not modified, derived		
	from vegetable products, except		
	for		
1302 19	Vegetable saps and extracts,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	other	heading, except those of sub-	
		heading 1211 20	
1302 31, 1302	Mucilages and thickeners,	Manufacture from materials of any	
32 and 1302 39	whether or not modified,	heading	
	derived from vegetable		
	products		

HS heading	Description of product		at on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 14	Vegetable plaiting materials;	Manufacture in which all the	
	vegetable products not elsewhere	materials of Chapter 14 used are	
	specified or included	wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils	Manufacture from materials of any	
	and their cleavage products;	heading, except that of the product	
	prepared edible fats; animal or		
	vegetable waxes; except for:		
1501	Pig fat (including lard) and	Manufacture from meat or edible	
	poultry fat, other than that of	offal of swine of heading 0203	
	heading 0209 or 1503	or 0206 or of meat and edible offal	
		of poultry of heading 0207.	
		However bones of heading 0506	
		may not be used	
1502	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or	Manufacture in which all the	
	goats, other than those of	materials of Chapter 2 and bones of	
	heading 1503	heading 0506 used are wholly	
		obtained	
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	of fish or marine mammals,	heading	
	whether or not refined, but not		
	chemically modified		
1505	Wool grease and fatty substances	Manufacture from materials of any	
	derived therefrom (including	heading	
	lanolin)		
1506	Other animal fats and oils and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	their fractions, whether or not	heading	
	refined, but not chemically		
	modified:		
1507 to ex	Vegetable oils and their fractions,	Manufacture from materials of any	
1515	except for:	heading, except that of the product	
1509 and 1510	Olive oil and its fractions, other	Manufacture in which all the	
	oils and their fractions obtained	vegetable materials used are wholly	
	solely from olives	obtained	
1515 50	Sesame oil and its fractions	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except those of Chapter 12	
1516	Animal or vegetable fats and oils	Manufacture in which:	
	and their fractions, partly or	- all the materials of Chapter 2	
	wholly hydrogenated, inter-	used are wholly obtained, and	
	esterified, re-esterified or	- all the vegetable materials of	
	elaidinised, whether or not	chapter 7, 8, 10, 15 and 23 used	
	refined, but not further prepared	are wholly obtained. However,	
		materials of headings 1507, 1508,	
	I	1511 and 1513 may be used	I

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non- confers originating s	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
1517	Margarine; edible mixtures or	Manufacture in which:	(.)
1317	preparations of animal or	- all the materials of Chapters 2	
		-	
	vegetable fats or oils or of	and 4 used are wholly obtained,	
	fractions of different fats or oils	and	
	of this Chapter, other than edible	- all the vegetable materials of	
	fats or oils or their fractions of	chapter 7, 8, 10, 15 and 23 used	
	heading 1516	are wholly obtained. However,	
		materials of headings 1507, 1508,	
		1511 and 1513 may be used	
Chapter 16	Preparations of meat, of fish or	Manufacture:	
	of crustaceans, molluses or other	- from animals of Chapter 1, and/or	
	aquatic invertebrates	- in which all the materials of	
		Chapter 3 used are wholly	
		obtained	
Clt 17	C		
ex Chapter 17	Sugars and sugar confectionery;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading, except that of the product	
1701 91	Cane or beet sugar and	Manufacture in which the value of	
	chemically pure sucrose, in solid	all the materials of Chapter 17 used	
	form containing added	does not exceed 30 % of the ex-	
	flavouring or colouring matter	works price of the product	
1702	Other sugars, including		
	chemically pure lactose, maltose,		
	glucose and fructose, in solid		
	form; sugar syrups not		
	containing added flavouring or		
	colouring matter; artificial		
	honey, whether or not mixed		
	with natural honey; caramel		
	- Chemically-pure maltose and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	fructose	heading, including other materials	
		of heading 1702	
	- Other sugars in solid form,	Manufacture in which the value of	
	containing added flavouring or	all the materials of Chapter 17 used	
	colouring matter	does not exceed 30 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture in which all the	
		materials used are originating	
ex 1703	Molasses resulting from the	Manufacture in which the value of	
	extraction or refining of sugar,	all the materials of Chapter 17 used	
	containing added flavouring or	does not exceed 30 % of the ex-	
	colouring matter	works price of the product	
1704	Sugar confectionery (including	Manufacture from materials of any	
	white chocolate), not containing	heading, except that of the product	
	cocoa	-	

HS heading	Description of product		ut on non-originating materials, which iginating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations	Manufacture:	
	except for	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials of Chapter 17 used does	
		not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
1806	Chocolate and other food	Manufacture from materials of any	
	preparations containing cocoa	heading except that of the product	
1901	Malt extract; food preparations	Manufacture:	
	of flour, groats, meal, starch or	- from materials of any heading,	
	malt extract, not containing	except that of the product,	
	cocoa or containing less than	- in which all the materials of	
	40 % by weight of cocoa	Chapter 4, heading 1006 and	
	calculated on a totally defatted	Chapter 11 used are wholly	
	basis, not elsewhere specified or	obtained, and	
	included; food preparations of	- in which the value of all the	
	goods of headings 0401 to 0404,	materials of Chapter 17 used	
	not containing cocoa or	does not exceed 30 % of the ex-	
	containing less than 5 % by	works price of the product.	
	weight of cocoa calculated on a	works price of the product.	
	totally defatted basis, not		
	elsewhere specified or included:		
ex 1902	Pasta, whether or not cooked or	Manufacture in which:	
CX 1902	stuffed (with meat or other	- all the cereals and their	
	substances) or otherwise		
	prepared, such as spaghetti,	derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) of Chapters 10	
		· •	
	macaroni, noodles, lasagne,	and 11 used are wholly obtained,	
	gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni;	and	
	couscous, whether or not	- all the materials of Chapters 2	
	prepared, except for:	and 3 used are wholly obtained if	
		they represent more than 20% by	
ov. 1002 10	Mondley provided 12 1 1	weight of the product	
ex 1902 19	Noodles, uncooked, dried and	Manufacture from materials of	
	not stuffed, obtained from flour	any heading, except that of the	
	except of 'durum wheat semolina'	product	
ex 1902 30	Ramen &, instant noodles,	Manufacture from materials of	
	cooked by heating or frying, and	any heading, except that of the	
	packed with mixed seasonings,	product	
	including hot pepper powder,	1	
	salt, garlic flavouring powder		
	and a flavouring base		

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out confers origi	on non-originating materials, which
(1) 1903	(2) Tapioca and substitutes therefore prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or similar forms	(3) On Manufacture from materials of any heading, except potato starch of heading 1108	. (4)
1904 ex 1905	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre-cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included; Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products, except for:	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1806, - in which all the cereals and flour of Chapter 10 and 11 (except durum wheat and Zea indurate maize, and their derivatives) used are wholly obtained, and - in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of Chapter 11	
ex 1905 90	Bakers' wares of rice and biscuits	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants; except for:	Manufacture in which: - all the fruit, nuts or vegetables of Chapter 7, 8 and 12 used are wholly obtained, and - the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the ex-works price of the product	
2006	Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit-peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the exworks price of the product	

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)		-
2007	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades,	(3) o Manufacture:	(7)
2007	fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut	- from materials of any heading,	
	pastes, obtained by cooking,	except that of the product, and	
	whether or not containing added	- in which the value of all the	
	sugar or other sweetening matter	materials of Chapter 17 used does	
	sugar or other sweetening matter	not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
2008 11	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts	Manufacture from materials of any	
	of plants, otherwise prepared or	heading, except that of the product	
	preserved, whether or not		
	containing added sugar or other		
	sweetening matter or spirit, not		
	elsewhere specified or included;		
	groundnuts		
2008 19	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts	Manufacture in which the value of	
	of plants, otherwise prepared or	all the originating nuts and oil	
	preserved, whether or not	seeds of headings 0801, 0802 and	
	containing added sugar or other	1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60 % of	
	sweetening matter or spirit, not	the ex-works price of the product	
	elsewhere specified or included;		
	other, including mixtures		
2008 91,	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts	Manufacture:	
2008 92, and	of plants, otherwise prepared or	- from materials of any heading,	
2008 99	preserved, whether or not	except that of the product, and	
	containing added sugar or other	- in which the value of all the	
	sweetening matter or spirit, not	materials of Chapter 17 used does	
	elsewhere specified or included;	not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
	other, including mixtures other	price of the product	
	than those of subheading		
	2008 19		
2009	Fruit juices (including grape	Manufacture:	
	must) and vegetable juices,	- from materials of any heading,	
	unfermented and not containing	except that of the product, and	
	added spirit, whether or not	- in which the value of all the	
	containing added sugar or other	materials of Chapter 17 used does	
	sweetening matter	not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
ex Chapter 21	Miscellaneous edible	Manufacture from materials of any	
	preparations; except for:	heading, except that of the product	
ex 2103	Sauces and preparations	Manufacture from materials of any	
	therefore; mixed condiments and	heading, except that of the product.	
	mixed seasonings: except for:	However, mustard flour or meal or	
		prepared mustard may be used	
2103 30	Mustard flour and meal and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	prepared mustard	heading	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
2103 90	Other	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading	
2104 10	Soups and broths and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	preparations therefore	heading, except prepared or	
		preserved vegetables of	
		headings 2002 to 2005	
2105	Ice cream and other edible ice,	Manufacture in which:	
	whether or not containing cocoa	- the value of all the materials of	
		Chapters 4 used does not exceed	
		30 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
		- the value of all the materials of	
		Chapters 17 used does not exceed	
		30 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
2106	Food preparations not elsewhere	Manufacture:	
	specified or included	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product,	
		- in which all the materials of	
		subheadings 1211 20 and 1302 19	
		used are wholly obtained, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials of Chapter 4 used does	
		not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product, and	
		- the value of all the materials of	
		Chapters 17 used does not exceed	
		30 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
ex Chapter 22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar;	Manufacture:	
	except for:	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which all the grapes or	
		materials derived from grapes	
		used are wholly obtained	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on confers origina	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
2202	Waters, including mineral waters	Manufacture:	` '
	and aerated waters, containing	- from materials of any heading,	
	added sugar or other sweetening	except that of the product,	
	matter or flavoured, and other	- in which the value of all the	
	non-alcoholic beverages, not	materials of Chapter 17 used does	
	including fruit or vegetable	not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
	juices of heading 2009	price of the product,	
	J G	- in which all the fruit juice used	
		(except that of pineapple, lime or	
		grapefruit) of heading 2009 is	
		originating, and	
		- in which all the materials of	
		subheadings 1211 20 and 1302 19	
		used are wholly obtained	
2207	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an	Manufacture:	
	alcoholic strength by volume of	- from materials of any heading,	
	80 % vol or higher; ethyl alcohol	except heading 2207 or 2208, and	
	and other spirits, denatured, of	- in which all the grapes or	
	any strength	materials derived from grapes	
	any suchgai	used are wholly obtained	
2208	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an	Manufacture:	
2200	alcoholic strength by volume of	- from materials of any heading,	
	less than 80 % vol; spirits,	except heading 2207 or 2208, and	
	liqueurs and other spirituous	- in which all the grapes or	
	beverages	materials derived from grapes	
		used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 23	Residues and waste from the	Manufacture from materials of any	
	food industries; prepared animal	heading, except that of the product	
	fodder; except for:	, cheeps that of the product	
ex 2301	Whale meal; flours, meals and	Manufacture in which all the	
	pellets of fish or of crustaceans,	materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used	
	molluses or other aquatic	are wholly obtained	
	invertebrates, unfit for human		
	consumption		
2303 10	Residues of starch manufacture	Manufacture in which all the maize	
	and similar residues	used is wholly obtained	
2306 90	Oil cake and other solid residues,	Manufacture in which all the olives	
2200,00	whether or not ground or in the	of chapter 7 used are wholly	
	form of pellets, resulting from	obtained	
	the extraction of vegetable fats	SS MINOR	
	or oils, other than those of		
	heading 2304 or 2305; other		
	nousing 2504 of 2505, office		
1	I	ı	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on confers originat	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
2309	Preparations of a kind used in	Manufacture in which	
	animal feeding	all the materials of Chapters 2, 3,	
		4, 10, 11 and 17, used are	
		originating	
ex Chapter 24	Tobacco and manufactured	Manufacture in which all the	
ex chapter 24	tobacco substitutes; except for:	materials of Chapter 24 used are	
	tobacco substitutes, except for.	wholly obtained	
2402	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and	Manufacture in which at least 70%	
2402	cigarettes, of tobacco or of	by weight of the unmanufactured	
	tobacco substitutes	tobacco or tobacco refuse of	
	tobacco substitutes	heading 2401 used is originating	
2403 10	Smoking tobacco	Manufacture in which at least 70%	
2403 10	Smoking tooacco	by weight of the unmanufactured	
		tobacco or tobacco refuse of	
GI . 25		heading 2401 used is originating	
ex Chapter 25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	plastering materials, lime and	heading, except that of the product	
	cement; except for:		
2504 10	Natural graphite in powder or in	Manufacture from materials of any	
	flakes	heading	
2515 12	Marble and travertine, merely	Manufacture from materials of any	
	cut, by sawing or otherwise, into	heading	
	blocks or slabs of a rectangular		
	(including square) shape		
2516 12	Granitemerely cut, by sawing or	Manufacture from materials of any	
	otherwise, into blocks or slabs of	heading	
	a rectangular (including square)		
	shape		
2518 20	Calcined or sintered dolomite	Manufacture from materials of	
		any heading	
ex 2519	Crushed natural magnesium	Manufacture from materials of any	
	carbonate (magnesite), in	heading, except that of the product.	
	hermetically-sealed containers,	However, natural magnesium	
	and magnesium oxide, whether	carbonate (magnesite) may be used	
	or not pure, other than fused		
	magnesia or dead-burned		
	(sintered) magnesia		
ex 2520 20	Plasters specially prepared for	Manufacture in which the value of	
	dentistry	all the materials used does not	
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
2525 20	Mica powder	Grinding of mica or mica waste	
ex 2530 90	Earth colours, calcined or	Calcination or grinding of earth	
	powdered	colours	
Chapter 26	Ores, slag and ash	Manufacture from materials of any	
1 "		heading, except that of the product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(2)	40
Chapter 27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and	Manufacture from materials of any	or (4)
Chapter 27			
	products of their distillation;	heading	
	bituminous substances; mineral		
Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
Chapter 28	inorganic compounds of	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
		However, materials of the same	
	precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive elements	,	50% of the ex-works price of the
	,	heading as the product may be	product
	or of isotopes	used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
ex Chapter 29	Organic chemicals; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
		heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
		However, materials of the same	50% of the ex-works price of the
		heading as the product may be	product
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
ex 2905 19	Metal alcoholates of alcohols of	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	this heading and of ethanol	heading, including other materials	the materials used does not exceed
		of heading 2905. However, metal	50% of the ex-works price of the
		alcoholates of this heading may be	product
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
2915	Saturated acyclic	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	monocarboxylic acids and their	heading. However, the value of all	the materials used does not exceed
	anhydrides, halides, peroxides	the materials of headings 2915	40% of the ex-works price of the
	and peroxyacids; their	and 2916 used shall not exceed	product
	halogenated, sulphonated,	20 % of the ex-works price of the	
	nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.	product	
ex 2932	- Internal ethers and	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	their halogenated, sulphonated,	heading. However, the value of all	the materials used does not exceed
	nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	the materials of heading 2909 used	50% of the ex-works price of the
		shall not exceed 20 % of the ex-	product
		works price of the product	•
	- Cyclic acetals and internal	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	hemiacetals and their	heading	the materials used does not exceed
	halogenated, sulphonated,	5	40% of the ex-works price of the
	nitrated or nitrosated		product
	derivatives		product

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
2933	Heterocyclic compounds with	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
2,33	nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	heading. However, the value of all	the materials used does not exceed
	introgen netero atom(s) omy	the materials of headings 2932	40% of the ex-works price of the
		and 2933 used shall not exceed	product
		20 % of the ex-works price of the	product
		product	
2934	Nucleic acids and their salts,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
2554	whether or not chemically	heading. However, the value of all	the materials used does not exceed
	defined; other heterocyclic	the materials of headings 2932,	40% of the ex-works price of the
	compounds	2933 and 2934 used shall not	product
	Compounds	exceed 20 % of the ex-works price	product
		of the product	
ex Chapter 30	Pharmaceutical products; except	Manufacture from materials of any	
ex Chapter 30	for:	heading, except that of the product.	
	101.	However, materials of the same	
		heading as the product may be	
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
3001	Glands and other organs for	Manufacture from materials of any	
3001	organo-therapeutic uses, dried,	heading	
	whether or not powdered;	neading	
	extracts of glands or other		
	organs or of their secretions for		
	organo-therapeutic uses; heparin		
	and its salts; other human or		
	animal substances prepared for		
	therapeutic or prophylactic uses,		
	not elsewhere specified or		
	included.		
3002	Human blood; animal blood	Manufacture from materials of any	
	prepared for therapeutic,	heading	
	prophylactic or diagnostic uses;	9	
	antisera and other blood		
	fractions and modified		
	immunological products,		
	whether or not obtained by		
	means of biotechnological		
	processes; vaccines, toxins,		
	cultures of micro-organisms		
	(excluding yeasts) and similar		
	products.		
3006 91	Appliances identifiable for	Manufacture in which the value of	
	ostomy use	all the materials used does not	
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
	I	or the product	l

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 31	Fertilizers; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3105	Mineral or chemical fertilizers containing two or three of the fertilizing elements nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium; other fertilizers; goods of this chapter, in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg, except for: - sodium nitrate - calcium cyanamide - potassium sulphate - magnesium potassium sulphate	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-works price of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3201	Tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3204	Synthetic organic colouring matter, whether or not chemically defined; preparations as specified in note 3 to this chapter based on synthetic organic colouring matter; synthetic organic products of a kind used as fluorescent brightening agents or as luminophores, whether or not chemically defined	Manufacture from materials of any heading	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which	
_		confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3205	Colour lakes; preparations as	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	specified in note 3 to this chapter	heading, except headings 3203,	the materials used does not exceed
	based on colour lakes (9)	3204 and 3205. However, materials	40 % of the ex-works price of the
		of heading 3205 may be used,	product
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 20 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
3206	Other colouring matter;	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	preparations as specified in note	heading	the materials used does not exceed
	3 to this chapter, other than those		40 % of the ex-works price of the
	of heading 3203, 3204 or 3205;		product
	inorganic products of a kind		
	used as luminophores, whether		
	or chemically defined		
ex Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids;	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	perfumery, cosmetic or toilet	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
	preparations; except for:	However, materials of the same	40 % of the ex-works price of the
		heading as the product may be	product
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
3301	Essential oils (terpeneless or	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	not), including concretes and	heading, including materials of a	the materials used does not exceed
	absolutes; resinoids; extracted	different "group" (10) in this	40 % of the ex-works price of the
	oleoresins; concentrates of	heading. However, materials of the	product
	essential oils in fats, in fixed	same group as the product may be	
	oils, in waxes or the like,	used, provided that their total value	
	obtained by enfleurage or	does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
	maceration; terpenic by-products	works price of the product	
	of the deterpenation of essential		
	oils; aqueous distillates and		
	aqueous solutions of essential		
	oils		

⁹ Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacture of colouring preparations, provided that they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.

¹⁰ A "group" is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semicolon.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
ex Chapter 34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes with a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	
ex Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3505	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches: - Starch ethers and esters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3505	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1108	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3507	Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 36	Explosives; pyrotechnic	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	products; matches; pyrophoric	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
	alloys; certain combustible	However, materials of the same	40 % of the ex-works price of the
	preparations	heading as the product may be	product
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
ex Chapter 37	Photographic or cinematographic	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	goods; except for:	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
		However, materials of the same	40 % of the ex-works price of the
		heading as the product may be	product
		used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
3701	Photographic plates and film in	works price of the product	
3701	the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of		
	any material other than paper,		
	paperboard or textiles; instant		
	print film in the flat, sensitised,		
	unexposed, whether or not in		
	packs:		
	- Instant print film for colour	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	photography, in packs	heading, except those of	the materials used does not exceed
		headings 3701 and 3702. However,	40 % of the ex-works price of the
		materials of heading 3702 may be	product
		used, provided that their total value	
		does not exceed 30 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
		heading, except those of	the materials used does not exceed
		headings 3701 and 3702. However,	40 % of the ex-works price of the
		materials of headings 3701	product
		and 3702 may be used, provided	
		that their total value does not	
		exceed 20 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
3702	Photographic film in rolls,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	sensitised, unexposed, of any	heading, except those of	the materials used does not exceed
	material other than paper,	headings 3701 and 3702	40 % of the ex-works price of the
	paperboard or textiles; instant		product
	print film in rolls, sensitised,		
3704	unexposed Photographic plates, film paper,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
J / U 1	paperboard and textiles, exposed	heading, except those of	the materials used does not exceed
	but not developed	headings 3701 to 3704	40 % of the ex-works price of the
	out not developed	neadings 3/01 to 3/04	product

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3803 00	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 3805 10	Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3806 30	Ester gums	Manufacture from resin acids	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, antisprouting products and plantgrowth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and flypapers)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products
3809	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20 % of the exworks price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex-works price of the products

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)	
3810	Pickling preparations for metal	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all	
	surfaces; fluxes and other	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed	
	auxiliary preparations for	However, materials of the same	50 % of the ex-works price of the	
	soldering, brazing or welding;	heading as the product may be	products	
	soldering, brazing or welding	used, provided that their total value		
	powders and pastes consisting of	does not exceed 20 % of the ex-		
	metal and other materials;	works price of the product		
	preparations of a kind used as			
	cores or coatings for welding			
	electrodes or rods			
3811	Anti-knock preparations,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all	
	oxidation inhibitors, gum	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed	
	inhibitors, viscosity improvers,	However, materials of the same	50 % of the ex-works price of the	
	anti-corrosive preparations and	heading as the product may be	products	
	other prepared additives, for	used, provided that their total value		
	mineral oils (including gasoline)	does not exceed 20 % of the ex-		
	or for other liquids used for the	works price of the product		
	same purposes as mineral oils			
3812	Prepared rubber accelerators;	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all	
	compound plasticisers for rubber	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed	
	or plastics, not elsewhere	However, materials of the same	50 % of the ex-works price of the	
	specified or included; anti-	heading as the product may be	products	
	oxidizing preparations and other	used, provided that their total value		
	compound stabilizers for rubber	does not exceed 20 % of the ex-		
	or plastics	works price of the product		
3813	Preparations and charges for	Manufacture in which the value of		
	fire-extinguishers; charged fire-	all the materials used does not		
	extinguishing grenades	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price		
		of the product		
3814	Organic composite solvents and	Manufacture from materials of	Manufacture in which the value of all	
	thinners, not elsewhere specified	any heading, except that of the	the materials used does not exceed	
	or included; prepared paint or	product. However, materials of the	50 % of the ex-works price of the	
	varnish removers	same heading as the product may	product	
		be used, provided that their total		
		value does not exceed 20 % of the		
2010		ex-works price of the product		
3818	Chemical elements doped for use	Manufacture in which the value of		
	in electronics, in the form of	all the materials used does not		
	discs, wafers or similar forms;	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price		
	chemical compounds doped for	of the product		
I	use in electronics			

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other	Manufacture in which the value of	
	prepared liquids for hydraulic	all the materials used does not	
	transmission, not containing or	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	containing less than 70 % by	of the product	
	weight of petroleum oils or oils	of the product	
	obtained from bituminous		
	minerals		
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and	Manufacture in which the value of	
5020	prepared de-icing fluids	all the materials used does not	
	1	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
Ex 3821 00	Prepared culture media for	Manufacture in which the value of	
2.1.2.02.1.00	maintenance of micro-organisms	all the materials used does not	
	(including viruses and the like)	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	or of plant, human or animal	of the product	
	cells	Frederick Company	
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory	Manufacture in which the value of	
	reagents on a backing, prepared	all the materials used does not	
	diagnostic or laboratory reagents	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	whether or not on a backing,	of the product	
	other than those of heading 3002	•	
	or 3006; certified reference		
	materials		
3823	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty		
	acids; acid oils from refining;		
	industrial fatty alcohols:		
3823 11 to	- Industrial monocarboxylic	Manufacture from materials of any	
3823 19	fatty acids, acid oils from	heading, except that of the product	
	refining		
3823 70	- Industrial fatty alcohols	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, including other materials	
		of heading 3823	
3824	Prepared binders for foundry	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	moulds or cores; chemical	heading, except that of the product.	the materials used does not exceed
	products and preparations of the	However, materials of the same	50 % of the ex-works price of the
	chemical or allied industries	heading as the product may be	products
	(including those consisting of	used, provided that their total value	
	mixtures of natural products),	does not exceed 20 % of the ex-	
	not elsewhere specified or	works price of the product	
	included		
3901 to 3921	Plastics in primary forms, waste,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	parings and scrap, of plastic;	heading, except that of the product	the materials used does not exceed
	semi-manufactures and articles	_	25% of the ex-works price of the
	of plastics		product

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-origin	nating materials, which
		confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
3907 30 and	Epoxide resins; polycarbonates	Manufacture from materials of any	
3907 40		heading	
3907 20 and	Other polyethers; other	Manufacture from materials of	
3907 91	polyesters	any heading	
3922 to 3926	Articles of plastics	Manufacture in which the value of	
		all the materials used does not	
		exceed 50% of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
ex Chapter 40	Rubber and articles thereof;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading, except that of the product	
4005	Compounded rubber,	Manufacture in which the value of	
	unvulcanised, in primary forms	all the materials used, except	
	or in plates, sheets or strip	natural rubber, does not exceed	
		50 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
4012	Retreaded or used pneumatic		
	tyres of rubber; solid or cushion		
	tyres, tyre treads and tyre flaps,		
	of rubber:		
Ex 4012 11, ex	- Retreaded pneumatic, solid or	Retreading of used tyres	
4012 12, ex	cushion tyres, of rubber		
4012 13 and ex			
4012 19.			
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except those of	
		headings 4011 and 4012	
ex 4017	Articles of hard rubber	Manufacture from hard rubber	
ex Chapter 41	Raw hides and skins (other than	Manufacture from materials of any	
	furskins) and leather; except for:	heading, except that of the product	
4102 21 and	Raw skins of sheep or lambs,	Removal of wool from sheep or	
4102 29	without wool on	lamb skins, with wool on,	
		or	
		Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
4104 to 4106	Tanned or crust hides and skins,	Retanning of tanned leather	
	without wool or hair on, whether	or	
	or not split, but not further	Manufacture from materials of any	
	prepared	heading, except that of the product	
Chapter 42	Articles of leather; saddlery and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	harness; travel goods, handbags	heading, except that of the product	
	and similar containers; articles of		
	animal gut (other than silk worm		
	gut)		
ex Chapter 43	Furskins and artificial fur;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	manufactures thereof; except for:	heading, except that of the product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on confers origina	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
ex 4302 30	Tanned or dressed furskins,		()
	assembled:		
	- Plates, crosses and similar	Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to	
	forms	cutting and assembly of non-	
		assembled tanned or dressed	
		furskins	
	- Other	Manufacture from non-assembled,	
		tanned or dressed furskins	
4303	Articles of apparel, clothing	Manufacture from non-assembled	
	accessories and other articles of	tanned or dressed furskins of	
	furskin	heading 4302	
ex Chapter 44	Wood and articles of wood;	Manufacture from materials of any	
ex chapter 11	wood charcoal; except for:	heading, except that of the product	
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or	Manufacture from materials of any	
1103	not stripped of bark or sapwood,	heading	
	or roughly squared	neuding	
ex 4407	Wood sawn or chipped	Planing, sanding or end-jointing	
CA 4407	lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a	Training, sariding of Crid Johnson	
	thickness exceeding 6 mm,		
	planed, sanded or end-jointed		
ex 4408	Sheets for veneering (including	Splicing, planing, sanding or end-	
CA 4400	those obtained by slicing	jointing	
	laminated wood) and for	Joining	
	plywood, of a thickness not		
	exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and		
	other wood sawn lengthwise,		
	sliced or peeled of a thickness		
	not exceeding 6 mm, planed,		
	sanded or end-jointed		
4409	Wood (including strips and	Manufacture of materials of any	
410)	friezes for parquet flooring, not	heading	
	assembled) continuously shaped	neuding	
	(tongued, grooved, rebated,		
	chamfered, V-jointed, beaded,		
	moulded, rounded or the like)		
	along any of its edges, ends or		
	faces, whether or not planed,		
	sanded or end-jointed:		
ex 4410 to	Beadings and mouldings,	Beading or moulding	
ex 4413	including moulded skirting and	<i>3</i>	
	other moulded boards		
ex 4415 10	Packing cases, boxes, crates,	Manufacture from boards not cut to	
	drums and similar packings, of	size	
	wood		

	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(2)	(3) or	
Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and	Manufacture from riven staves, not	(-)
	further worked than sawn on the	
	two principal surfaces	
	·	
or wood		
	-	
Pandings and mouldings		
- Beadings and mouldings	Beading or mounting	
Match splints; wooden pegs or	Manufacture from wood of any	
pins for footwear	heading, except drawn wood of	
	heading 4409	
Cork and articles of cork; except	Manufacture from materials of any	
for:		
Articles of natural cork	Manufacture from cork of	
	heading 4501	
Manufactures of straw, of		
	•	
	l	
,		
Pulp of wood or of other fibrous	Manufacture from materials of any	
•		
	l	
* *	Manufacture from materials of any	
	heading, except that of the product	
	Manufacture from paper-making	
_		
	Manufacture:	
	· · ·	
_		
	1	
Tonot paper	materials of Chapter 47	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood - Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood - Beadings and mouldings Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear Cork and articles of cork; except for:	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood - Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood - Beadings and mouldings Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear - Beadings and mouldings Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear - Cork and articles of cork; except for: Articles of natural cork Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product with the product of other plaiting material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for: Carbon paper, self-copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and correspondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery Toilet paper

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on no		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
ex 4820 10	Letter pads	Manufacture in which the value of		
		all the materials used does not		
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price		
		of the product		
ex Chapter 49	Printed books, newspapers,	Manufacture from materials of any		
	pictures and other products of	heading, except that of the product		
	the printing industry;			
	manuscripts, typescripts and			
	plans; except for:			
4909	Printed or illustrated postcards;	Manufacture from materials of any		
	printed cards bearing personal	heading, except those of		
	greetings, messages or	headings 4909 and 4911		
	announcements, whether or not			
	illustrated, with or without			
	envelopes or trimmings			
ex Chapter 50	Silk; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any		
1	, 1	heading, except that of the product		
ex 5003	Silk waste (including cocoons	Carding or combing of silk waste		
	unsuitable for reeling, yarn			
	waste and garnetted stock),			
	carded or combed			
5004 to	Silk yarn and yarn spun from	Manufacture from (11):		
ex 5006	silk waste	- raw silk or silk waste, carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for		
		spinning,		
		- other natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for		
		spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5007	Woven fabrics of silk or of silk	paper-making materials		
5007				
	Waste:	Manufacture from single yarn (12)		
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from (13):		
	- Other	Manufacture from (2):		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
 For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
 For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		prepared for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pul	lp,	
		or		
		- paper		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shrin	ık	
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating	g,	
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 s	%	
		of the ex-works price of the produ	ıct	
ex Chapter 51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair;	Manufacture from materials of an	у	
	horsehair yarn and woven fabric;	heading, except that of the produc	et	
	except for:			
5106 to 5110	Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse	Manufacture from (14):		
	animal hair or of horsehair	- raw silk or silk waste, carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for	or	
		spinning,		
		- natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for	or	
		spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pul	lp,	
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5111 to 5113	Woven fabrics of wool, of fine			
	or coarse animal hair or of			
	horsehair:			
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (15))	
	- Other	Manufacture from (16):		

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HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carrie		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise	:	
		prepared for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pu	ılp,	
		or		
		- paper		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shri	nk	
		resistance processing, permanent	t	
		finishing, decatising, impregnation	ng,	
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5	%	
		of the ex-works price of the prod	luct	
ex Chapter 52	Cotton; except for:	Manufacture from materials of a	ny	
		heading, except that of the produ	et	
5204 to 5207	Yarn and thread of cotton	Manufacture from (17):		
		- raw silk or silk waste, carded o	r	
		combed or otherwise prepared	for	
		spinning,		
		- natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared	for	
		spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pu	ılp,	
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5208 to 5212	Woven fabrics of cotton:			
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (18	8)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (19):		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		prepared for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shrink		
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,		
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %		
		of the ex-works price of the product		
ex Chapter 53	Other vegetable textile fibres;	Manufacture from materials of any		
	paper yarn and woven fabrics of	heading, except that of the product		
	paper yarn; except for:			
5306 to 5308	Yarn of other vegetable textile	Manufacture from (²⁰):		
	fibres; paper yarn	- raw silk or silk waste, carded or		
	71.1.7	combed or otherwise prepared for		
		spinning,		
		- natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for		
		spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5309 to 5311	Woven fabrics of other vegetable	1 1		
2207 10 2211	textile fibres; woven fabrics of			
	paper yarn:			
	paper yarn.			

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-orig confers originating statu	_
(1)	(2)		(4)
(1)	(2)	(3) or Manufacture from (²²):	(4)
	- Other		
		- coir yarn,	
		- jute yarn,	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres, not	
		carded or combed or otherwise	
		prepared for spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,	
		or	
		- paper	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least	
		two preparatory or finishing	
		operations (such as scouring,	
		bleaching, mercerising, heat	
		setting, raising, calendering, shrink	
		resistance processing, permanent	
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,	
		mending and burling), provided	
		that the value of the unprinted	
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %	
		of the ex-works price of the product	
5401 to 5406	Yarn, monofilament and thread	Manufacture from (²³):	
	of man-made filaments	- raw silk or silk waste, carded or	
		combed or otherwise prepared for	
		spinning,	
		- natural fibres, not carded or	
		combed or otherwise prepared for	
		spinning,	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,	
		or	
		- paper-making materials	
	Woven fabrics of man-made	Paper making materials	
5407 and 5408	S ven morres of man made		
5407 and 5408	filament varn:		
5407 and 5408	filament yarn: - Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (²⁴)	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
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For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		prepared for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pul	lp,	
		or		
		- paper		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shrin	ık	
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating	g,	
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %	%	
		of the ex-works price of the produ	ıct	
5501 to 5507	Man-made staple fibres	Manufacture from chemical		
		materials or textile pulp		
5508 to 5511	Yarn and sewing thread of man-	Manufacture from (²⁶):		
	made staple fibres	- raw silk or silk waste, carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for	or	
		spinning,		
		- natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise prepared for	or	
		spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pul	lp,	
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5512 to 5516	Woven fabrics of man-made			
	staple fibres:			
	- Incorporating rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (27))	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out	on non-originating materials, which	
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (²⁸):		
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		prepared for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shrink		
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,		
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %		
		of the ex-works price of the product		
ex Chapter 56	Wadding, felt and non-wovens;	Manufacture from (²⁹):		
1	special yarns; twine, cordage,	- coir yarn,		
	ropes and cables and articles	- natural fibres,		
	thereof; except for:	- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
	1	or		
		- paper-making materials		
5602	Felt, whether or not			
	impregnated, coated, covered or			
	laminated:			
	- Needleloom felt	Manufacture from (³⁰):		
		- natural fibres, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
		However:		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.
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HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
		- polypropylene filament of		
		heading 5402,		
		- polypropylene fibres of		
		heading 5503 or 5506, or		
		- polypropylene filament tow of		
		heading 5501,		
		of which the denomination in all		
		cases of a single filament or fibre is		
		less than 9 decitex, may be used,		
		provided that their total value does		
		not exceed 40 % of the ex-works		
		price of the product		
	- Other	Manufacture from (31):		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres made		
		from casein, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
5604	Rubber thread and cord, textile			
	covered; textile yarn, and strip			
	and the like of heading 5404			
	or 5405, impregnated, coated,			
	covered or sheathed with rubber			
	or plastics:			
5604 10	- Rubber thread and cord, textile	Manufacture from rubber thread or		
	covered	cord, not textile covered		
5604 90	- Other	Manufacture from (³²):		
		- natural fibres, not carded or		
		combed or otherwise processed		
		for spinning,		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper-making materials		
5605	Metallised yarn, whether or not	Manufacture from (³³):		
5005		- natural fibres,		
	gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading 5404	, and the second		
		- man-made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise		
	or 5405, combined with metal in			
	the form of thread, strip or	processed for spinning,		
	powder or covered with metal	- chemical materials or textile pulp,		
		or		
		- paper-making materials		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-origin	nating materials, which
	-	confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
5606	Gimped yarn, and strip and the	Manufacture from (³⁴):	
	like of heading 5404 or 5405,	- natural fibres,	
	gimped (other than those of	- man-made staple fibres, not	
	heading 5605 and gimped	carded or combed or otherwise	
	horsehair yarn); chenille yarn	processed for spinning,	
	(including flock chenille yarn);	- chemical materials or textile pulp,	
	loop wale-yarn	or	
		- paper-making materials	
Chapter 57	Carpets and other textile floor		
•	coverings:		
	- Of needleloom felt	Manufacture from (35):	
	01 11000101001111 10110	- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
		However:	
		- polypropylene filament of	
		heading 5402,	
		- polypropylene fibres of	
		heading 5503 or 5506, or	
		- polypropylene filament tow of	
		heading 5501,	
		of which the denomination in all	
		cases of a single filament or fibre is	
		less than 9 decitex, may be used,	
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 40 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
		Jute fabric may be used as a	
		backing	
	- Of other felt	Manufacture from (³⁶):	
	01 00000 1000	- natural fibres, not carded or	
		combed or otherwise processed	
		-	
		for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³⁷):	
		- coir yarn or jute yarn,	
		- synthetic or artificial filament	
		yarn,	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- man-made staple fibres, not	
		carded or combed or otherwise	
		processed for spinning	
		Jute fabric may be used as a	
		backing	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(2)	ginating status or (4)
ex Chapter 58	Special woven fabrics; tufted	(3)	
•	textile fabrics; lace; tapestries;		
	trimmings; embroidery; except		
	for:		
	- Combined with rubber thread	Manufacture from single yarn (38)	
	- Other	Manufacture from (³⁹):	
		- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres, not	
		carded or combed or otherwise	
		processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
		or	
		Printing accompanied by at least	
		two preparatory or finishing	
		operations (such as scouring,	
		bleaching, mercerising, heat	
		setting, raising, calendering, shrink	
		resistance processing, permanent	
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,	
		mending and burling), provided	
		that the value of the unprinted	
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %	
		of the ex-works price of the product	
5805	Hand-woven tapestries of the	Manufacture from materials of any	
	types Gobelins, Flanders,	heading, except that of the product	
	Aubusson, Beauvais and the like,		
	and needle-worked tapestries		
	(for example, petit point, cross		
	stitch), whether or not made up		
5810	Embroidery in the piece, in strips	Manufacture:	
	or in motifs	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
5901	Textile fabrics coated with gum	Manufacture from yarn		
	or amylaceous substances, of a			
	kind used for the outer covers of			
	books or the like; tracing cloth;			
	prepared painting canvas;			
	buckram and similar stiffened			
	textile fabrics of a kind used for			
	hat foundations			
5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity			
	yarn of nylon or other			
	polyamides, polyesters or			
	viscose rayon:			
	- Containing not more than 90 %	Manufacture from yarn		
	by weight of textile materials			
	- Other	Manufacture from chemical		
		materials or textile pulp		
5903	Textile fabrics impregnated,	Manufacture from yarn		
	coated, covered or laminated	or		
	with plastics, other than those of	Printing accompanied by at least		
	heading 5902	two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, rasing, calendering, shrink		
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,		
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %		
		of the ex-works price of the product		
5904	Linoleum, whether or note cut to	Manufacture from yarn (40)		
	shape; floor coverings consisting			
	of a coating or covering applied			
	on a textile backing, whether or			
	not cut to shape			
5905	Textile wall coverings:			
	- Impregnated, coated, covered	Manufacture from yarn		
	or laminated with rubber,			
	plastics or other materials			
	- Other	Manufacture from (41):		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		processed for spinning, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
		or		
		Printing accompanied by at least		
		two preparatory or finishing		
		operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, raising, calendering, shrink		
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,		
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %		
		of the ex-works price of the product		
5906	Rubberised textile fabrics, other			
	than those of heading 5902:			
	- Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (⁴²):		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		processed for spinning, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
	- Other fabrics made of synthetic	Manufacture from chemical		
	filament yarn, containing more	materials		
	than 90 % by weight of textile			
	materials			
	- Other	Manufacture from yarn		
5907	Textile fabrics otherwise	Manufacture from yarn		
	impregnated, coated or covered;	or		
	painted canvas being theatrical	Printing accompanied by at least		
	scenery, studio back-cloths or	two preparatory or finishing		
	the like	operations (such as scouring,		
		bleaching, mercerising, heat		
		setting, rasing, calendering, shrink		
		resistance processing, permanent		
		finishing, decatising, impregnating,		
		mending and burling), provided		
		that the value of the unprinted		
		fabric used does not exceed 47.5 %		
		of the ex-works price of the product		

⁴² For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried	_	_
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3)	or	(4)
5908	Textile wicks, woven, plaited or			
	knitted, for lamps, stoves,			
	lighters, candles or the like;			
	incandescent gas mantles and			
	tubular knitted gas mantle fabric			
	therefor, whether or not			
	impregnated:			
	- Incandescent gas mantles,	Manufacture from tubular knitted		
	impregnated	gas-mantle fabric		
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any	,	
		heading, except that of the product		
5909 to 5911	Textile articles of a kind suitable			
	for industrial use:			
	- Polishing discs or rings other	Manufacture from yarn or waste		
	than of felt of heading 5911	fabrics or rags of heading 6310		
	- Woven fabrics, of a kind	Manufacture from (⁴³):		
	commonly used in	- coir yarn,		
	papermaking or other technical	- the following materials:		
	uses, felted or not, whether or	yarn of		
	not impregnated or coated,	polytetrafluoroethylene (44),		
	tubular or endless with single	yarn, multiple, of polyamide,		
	or multiple warp and/or weft,	coated impregnated or covered		
	or flat woven with multiple	with a phenolic resin,		
	warp and/or weft of	yarn of synthetic textile fibres		
	heading 5911	of aromatic polyamides,		
		obtained by polycondensation		
		of <i>m</i> -phenylenediamine and		
		isophthalic acid,		
		monofil of		
		polytetrafluoroethylene (45),		
		yarn of synthetic textile fibres		
		of poly(p-phenylene		
		terephthalamide),		
		glass fibre yarn, coated with		
		phenol resin and gimped with		
		acrylic yarn (46),		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory note 5

The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery.

The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery.

The use of this material is restricted to the manufacture of woven fabrics of a kind used in paper-making machinery.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which		
		confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)	
		copolyester monofilaments of a		
		polyester and a resin of		
		terephthalic acid and 1,4-		
		cyclohexanediethanol and		
		isophthalic acid,		
		natural fibres,		
		man-made staple fibres not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		processed for spinning, or		
		chemical materials or textile		
		pulp		
	- Other	Manufacture from (⁴⁷):		
		- coir yarn,		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		processed for spinning, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
Chapter 60	Knitted or crocheted fabrics	Manufacture from (⁴⁸):		
		- natural fibres,		
		- man-made staple fibres, not		
		carded or combed or otherwise		
		processed for spinning, or		
		- chemical materials or textile pulp		
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing	Spinning of natural and/or man-		
	accessories, knitted or crocheted	made staple fibres, or extrusion of		
		man-made filament yarn,		
		accompanied by knitting (knitted to		
		shape products) (49)		
		or		
		Knitting and making up		
		including cutting (assembling, two		
		or more pieces of knitted or		
		crocheted fabric which have been		
		either cut to form or obtained		
		directly to form) (⁵⁰)(⁵¹)		

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5

See Introductory Note 5

See Introductory Note 5

See Introductory Note 5

See Introductory Note 6

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which	
		confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
ex Chapter 62	Articles of apparel and clothing	Weaving accompanied by making-	
	accessories, not knitted or	up (including cutting) (52) (53)	
	crocheted; except for:	or	
		Embroidering accompanied by	
		making up (including cutting),	
		provided that the value of the	
		unembroidered fabric used does not	
		exceed 40 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product (54)	
		or	
		Coating accompanied by making	
		up (including cutting), provided	
		that the value of the uncoated fabric	
		used does not exceed 40 % of the	
		ex-works price of the product (55)	
		or	
		Making-up preceded by printing	
		accompanied by at least two	
		preparatory finishing operations	
		(such as scouring, bleaching,	
		mercerising, heat setting, raising,	
		calendering, shrink resistance	
		processing, permanent finishing,	
		decatising, impregnating, mending	
		and burling), provided that the	
		value of the unprinted fabric used	
		does not exceed 47,5 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product $\binom{56}{57}$	
ex 6217	Other made up clothing	works price of the product () ()	
CX 0217	accessories; parts of garments or		
	of clothing accessories, other		
	than those of heading 6212:		
	Interlinings for collars and cuffs,	Manufacture:	
	cut out	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		40 % of the ex-works price of the	

See Introductory Note 5

See Introductory Note 6

See Introductory Note 6

See Introductory Note 6

See Introductory Note 6

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

See Introductory Note 6.

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
ex Chapter 63	Other made-up textile articles;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	sets; worn clothing and worn	heading, except that of the product	
	textile articles; rags; except for:		
6301 to 6304	Blankets, travelling rugs, bed		
	linen etc.; curtains etc.; other		
	furnishing articles:		
	- Of felt, of nonwovens	Manufacture from (58):	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other:		
	Embroidered	Manufacture from unbleached	
		single yarn (⁵⁹)(⁶⁰)	
		or	
		Manufacture from unembroidered	
		fabric (other than knitted or	
		crocheted), provided that the value	
		of the unembroidered fabric used	
		does not exceed 40 % of the ex-	
		works price of the product	
	Other	Manufacture from unbleached	
		single yarn (61)(62)	
6305	Sacks and bags, of a kind used	Manufacture from (63):	
	for the packing of goods	- natural fibres,	
		- man-made staple fibres, not	
		carded or combed or otherwise	
		processed for spinning, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
6306	Tarpaulins, awnings and		
	sunblinds; tents; sails for boats,		
	sailboards or landcraft; camping		
	goods:		
	- Of nonwovens	Manufacture from (⁶⁴)(⁶⁵):	
		- natural fibres, or	
		- chemical materials or textile pulp	
	- Other	Manufacture from unbleached	
		single yarn (⁶⁶)(⁶⁷)	

⁵⁸ For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

⁵⁹ See Introductory Note 6.

⁶⁰ For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberised, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.

See Introductory Note 6.

For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberised, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or

crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.

63 For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

64 For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

65 See Introductory Note 6.

For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5. See Introductory Note 6.

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
745	(2)		ginating status
(1)	(2)	(-)	or (4)
6307	Other made-up articles,	Manufacture in which the value of	
	including dress patterns	all the materials used does not	
		exceed 40 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
6308	Sets consisting of woven fabric	Each item in the set must satisfy	
	and yarn, whether or not with	the rule which would apply to it if	
	accessories, for making up into	it were not included in the set.	
	rugs, tapestries, embroidered	However, non-originating articles	
	table cloths or serviettes, or	may be incorporated, provided that	
	similar textile articles, put up in	their total value does not exceed	
	packings for retail sale	15 % of the ex-works price of the	
		set	
ex Chapter 64	Footwear, gaiters and the like;	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of all
	parts of such articles; except for:	heading, except from assemblies of	the materials used does not exceed
		uppers affixed to inner soles or to	50 % of the ex-works price of the
		other sole components of	product
		heading 6406	
6406	Parts of footwear (including	Manufacture from materials of any	
	uppers whether or not attached	heading, except that of the product	
	to soles other than outer soles);		
	removable in-soles, heel		
	cushions and similar articles;		
	gaiters, leggings and similar		
	articles, and parts thereof		
ex Chapter 65	Headgear and parts thereof;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading, except that of the product	
6505	Hats and other headgear, knitted	Manufacture from yarn or textile	
	or crocheted, or made up from	fibres (⁶⁸)	
	lace, felt or other textile fabric,		
	in the piece (but not in strips),		
	whether or not lined or trimmed;		
	hair-nets of any material,		
	whether or not lined or trimmed		
ex Chapter 66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	walking-sticks, seat-sticks,	heading, except that of the product	
	whips, riding-crops, and parts	_	
	thereof; except for:		
6601	Umbrellas and sun umbrellas	Manufacture in which the value of	
	(including walking-stick	all the materials used does not	
	umbrellas, garden umbrellas and	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	similar umbrellas)	of the product	

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⁶⁸ See Introductory Note 6.

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which ginating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
Chapter 67	Prepared feathers and down and	Manufacture from materials of any	
•	articles made of feathers or of	heading, except that of the product	
	down; artificial flowers; articles		
	of human hair		
ex Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	cement, asbestos, mica or similar	heading, except that of the product	
	materials; except for:		
ex 6803 00	Articles of slate or of	Manufacture from worked slate	
	agglomerated slate		
ex 6812	Articles of asbestos; articles of	Manufacture from materials of any	
	mixtures with a basis of asbestos	heading	
	or of mixtures with a basis of		
	asbestos and magnesium		
	carbonate		
ex 6814	Articles of mica, including	Manufacture from worked mica	
	agglomerated or reconstituted	(including agglomerated or	
	mica, on a support of paper,	reconstituted mica)	
	paperboard or other materials		
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 70	Glass and glassware; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
7006	Glass of heading 7003, 7004		
	or 7005, bent, edge-worked,		
	engraved, drilled, enamelled or		
	otherwise worked, but not		
	framed or fitted with other		
	materials:		
	- Glass-plate substrates, coated	Manufacture from non-coated	
	with a dielectric thin film, and	glass-plate substrate of	
	of a semiconductor grade in	heading 7006	
	accordance with SEMII-		
	standards (⁶⁹)	Manufacture from materials of	
	- Other	heading 7001	
7007	Safety glass, consisting of	Manufacture from materials of	
1001	toughened (tempered) or	heading 7001	
	laminated glass	neading / 001	
7008	Multiple-walled insulating units	Manufacture from materials of	
, 300	of glass	heading 7001	
7009	Glass mirrors, whether or not	Manufacture from materials of	
	framed, including rear-view	heading 7001	
	mirrors		

⁶⁹ SEMII – Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Incorporated.

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
			ginating status
(1)	(2)	()	or (4)
7010	Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	pots, phials, ampoules and other	heading, except that of the product	
	containers, of glass, of a kind	or	
	used for the conveyance or	Cutting of glassware, provided that	
	packing of goods; preserving jars	the total value of the uncut	
	of glass; stoppers, lids and other	glassware used does not exceed	
	closures, of glass	50 % of the ex-works price of the	
7012		product	
7013	Glassware of a kind used for	Manufacture from materials of any	
	table, kitchen, toilet, office,	heading, except that of the product	
	indoor decoration or similar	or	
	purposes (other than that of	Cutting of glassware, provided that	
	heading 7010 or 7018)	the total value of the uncut	
		glassware used does not exceed	
		50 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
		or	
		Hand-decoration (except silk-	
		screen printing) of hand-blown	
		glassware, provided that the total	
		value of the hand-blown glassware	
		used does not exceed 50 % of the	
		ex-works price of the product	
ex 7019	Articles (other than yarn) of	Manufacture from:	
	glass fibres	- uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn	
		or chopped strands, or	
		- glass wool	
ex Chapter 71	Natural or cultured pearls,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	precious or semi-precious stones,	heading, except that of the product	
	precious metals, metals clad with		
	precious metal, and articles		
	thereof; imitation jewellery;		
	coin; except for:		
7101	Pearls, natural or cultured,	Manufacture from materials of	Manufacture in which the value of all
	whether or not worked or graded	any heading, except that of the	the materials used does not exceed
	but not strung, mounted or set;	product	50 % of the ex-works price of the
	pearls, natural or cultured		product
	temporarily strung for		
	convenience of transport		
7102, 7103 and	Diamonds, other precious or	Manufacture from unworked	
7104	semi-precious stones (natural,	precious or semi-precious stones	
	synthetic or reconstructed)	or	
		Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
7106, 7108 and	Precious metals:		
7110			
7110			

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status
(1)	(2)	(3) or (4)
(1)	- Unwrought	Manufacture from materials of any
	- Offwrought	
		heading, except those of
		headings 7106, 7108 and 7110
		or
		Electrolytic, thermal or chemical
		separation of precious metals of
		heading 7106, 7108 or 7110
		or
		Alloying of precious metals of
		heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 with
		each other or with base metals
	- Semi-manufactured or in	Manufacture from unwrought
	powder form	precious metals
7107, 7109 and	Metals clad with precious	Manufacture from materials of
7111	metals, not further worked than	any heading
	semi-manufactured	
7116	Articles of natural or cultured	Manufacture in which the value of
	pearls, precious or semi-precious	all the materials used does not
	stones (natural, synthetic or	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price
	reconstructed)	of the product
7117	Imitation jewellery	Manufacture from materials of any
		heading, except that of the product
		or
		Manufacture from base metal parts,
		not plated or covered with precious
		metals, provided that the value of
		all the materials used does not
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price
		of the product
ex Chapter 72	Iron and steel; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any
ex Chapter 72	non and steer, except for.	heading, except that of the product
7207	Semi-finished products of iron or	Manufacture from materials of
7207	*	
	non-alloy steel	heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204,
7200 - 7216		7205 or 7206
7208 to 7216	Flat-rolled products, bars and	Manufacture from ingots or other
	rods, angles, shapes and sections	primary forms or semi-finished
5015	of iron or non-alloy steel	materials of heading 7206 or 7207
7217	Wire of iron or non-alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished
		materials of heading 7207
7218 91 and	Semi-finished products	Manufacture from materials of
7218 99		heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204,
		7205 or 7218 10
7219 to 7222	Flat-rolled products, bars and	Manufacture from ingots or other
	rods, angles, shapes and sections	primary forms or semi-finished
	of stainless steel	materials of heading 7218

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on a confers originat	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
7223	Wire of stainless steel	Manufacture from semi-finished	
		materials of heading 7218	
7224 90	Semi-finished products	Manufacture from materials of	
		heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204	
		7205 or 7224 10	
7225 to 7228	Flat-rolled products, hot-rolled	Manufacture from ingots or other	
	bars and rods, in irregularly	primary forms or semi-finished	
	wound coils; angles, shapes and	products of heading 7206, 7207,	
	sections, of other alloy steel;	7218 or 7224	
	hollow drill bars and rods, of		
	alloy or non-alloy steel		
7229	Wire of other alloy steel	Manufacture from semi-finished	
		materials of heading 7224	
ex Chapter 73	Articles of iron or steel; except	Manufacture from materials of any	
	for:	heading, except that of the product	
7301 10	Sheet piling	Manufacture from materials of	
		heading 7206	
7302	Railway or tramway track	Manufacture from materials of	
	construction material of iron or	heading 7206	
	steel, the following: rails, check-		
	rails and rack rails, switch		
	blades, crossing frogs, point rods		
	and other crossing pieces,		
	sleepers (cross-ties), fish-plates,		
	chairs, chair wedges, sole pates		
	(base plates), rail clips,		
	bedplates, ties and other material		
	specialised for jointing or fixing		
	rails		
7304, 7305 and	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles,	Manufacture from materials of	
7306	of iron (other than cast iron) or	heading 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224	
	steel		
7307 21 to	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless	Turning, drilling, reaming,	
7307 29	steel	threading, deburring and	
		sandblasting of forged blanks,	
		provided that the total value of the	
		forged blanks used does not exceed	
		35 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3) 0	r (4)
7308	Structures (excluding	Manufacture from materials of any	()
	prefabricated buildings of	heading, except that of the product.	
	heading 9406) and parts of	However, welded angles, shapes	
	structures (for example, bridges	and sections of heading 7301 may	
	and bridge-sections, lock-gates,	not be used	
	towers, lattice masts, roofs,	not be used	
	roofing frameworks, doors and		
	windows and their frames and		
	thresholds for doors, shutters,		
	balustrades, pillars and		
	columns), of iron or steel; plates,		
	rods, angles, shapes, sections,		
	tubes and the like, prepared for		
	use in structures, of iron or steel		
7315 20	Skid chain	Manufacture in which the value of	
7515 20	Skid chain		
		all the materials of heading 7315	
		used does not exceed 50 % of the	
G1		ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 74	Copper and articles thereof;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading, except that of the product.	
7403 21,	Copper alloys	Manufacture from materials of any	
7403 22 and		heading	
7403 29			
7407	Copper bars, rods and profiles	Manufacture:	
		- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed 50%	
		of the ex-works price of the product	
7408	Copper wire	Manufacture:	
		- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
7409	Copper plates, sheets and strip,	Manufacture:	
	of a thickness exceeding 0,15	- from materials of any heading,	
	mm	except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out of confers origin	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
7410	(2) Copper foil (whether or not	Manufacture:	(+)
7410	printed or backed with paper,	- from materials of any heading,	
	paperboard, plastics or similar	except that of the product, and	
	backing materials) of a	- in which the value of all the	
	thickness (excluding any	materials used does not exceed	
	backing) not exceeding 0,15	50% of the ex-works price of the	
	mm	product	
7411	Copper tubes and pipes	Manufacture:	
7411	Copper tubes and pipes	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
Chapter 75	Nickel and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
ex Chapter 76	Aluminium and articles thereof;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	except for:	heading, except that of the product	
7601	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
		or	
		Manufacture by thermal or	
		electrolytic treatment from	
		unalloyed aluminium or waste and	
		scrap of aluminium	
7604	Aluminium bars, rods and	Manufacture:	
	profiiles	- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
7605	Aluminium wire	Manufacture:	
		- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
7606	Aluminium plates, sheets and	Manufacture:	
	strip, of a thickness exceeding	- from materials of any heading,	
	0,2 mm	except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-ori confers originating state	
(1)	(2)	(3) or	(4)
7607	Aluminium foil (whether or not	Manufacture from materials of any	
	printed or backed with paper,	heading, except that of the	
	paperboard, plastics or similar	product and heading 7606	
	backing materials) of a thickness		
	(excluding any backing) not		
	exceeding 0,2 mm		
7608	Aluminium tubes and pipes	Manufacture:	
		- from materials of any heading,	
		except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
7609	Aluminium tube or pipe fittings	Manufacture:	
	(for example, couplings, elbows,	- from materials of any heading,	
	sleeves)	except that of the product, and	
		- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
7616 99	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading	
Chapter 77	Reserved for possible future use		
	in the HS		
ex Chapter 78	Lead and articles thereof; except	Manufacture from materials of any	
	for:	heading, except that of the product	
7801	Unwrought lead	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product.	
		However, waste and scrap of	
		heading 7802 may not be used	
ex Chapter 79	Zinc and articles thereof; except	Manufacture from materials of any	
	for:	heading, except that of the product.	
7901	Unwrought zinc	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product.	
		However, waste and scrap of	
		heading 7902 may not be used	
Chapter 80	Tin and articles thereof	Manufacture from materials of any	
		heading, except that of the product	
Chapter 81	Other base metals; cermets;	Manufacture from materials of any	
	articles thereof	heading	
ex Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	spoons and forks, of base metal;	heading, except that of the product	
	parts thereof of base metal;		
	except for:		

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which inating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8206	Tools of two or more of the	Manufacture from materials of any	
	headings 8202 to 8205, put up in	heading, except those of	
	sets for retail sale	headings 8202 to 8205. However,	
		tools of headings 8202 to 8205 may	
		be incorporated into the set,	
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 15 % of the ex-works	
		price of the set	
8207 13 to	Rock drilling or earth-boring	Manufacture:	
8207 30	tools; dies for drawing or	- from materials of any heading,	
	extruding metal; tools for	except that of the product, and	
	pressing, stamping or punching	- in which the value of all the	
		materials used does not exceed	
		40 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
8207 40 to	Tools for tapping or threading;	Manufacture from materials of any	
8207 90	tools for drilling, other than for	heading, except that of the product	
	rock-drilling; tools for boring or		
	broaching; tools for milling;		
	tools for turning; other		
	interchangeable tools		
8208	Knives and cutting blades, for	Manufacture from materials of any	
	machines or for mechanical	heading, except that of the product	
	appliances		
8211 10 to	Knives with cutting blades,	Manufacture from materials of any	
8211 93 and	serrated or not (including	heading, except that of the product.	
8211 95	pruning knives), other than	However, knife blades and handles	
	knives of heading 8208	of base metal may be used	
8214	Other articles of cutlery (for	Manufacture from materials of any	
	example, hair clippers, butchers'	heading, except that of the product.	
	or kitchen cleavers, choppers and	However, handles of base metal	
	mincing knives, paper knives);	may be used	
	manicure or pedicure sets and		
	instruments (including nail files)		
8215	Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	cake-servers, fish-knives, butter-	heading, except that of the product.	
	knives, sugar tongs and similar	However, handles of base metal	
	kitchen or tableware	may be used	
ex Chapter 83	Miscellaneous articles of base	Manufacture from materials of any	
	metal; except for:	heading, except that of the product	

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8302 41	Other mountings, fittings and	Manufacture from materials of any	
	similar articles suitable for	heading, except that of the product.	
	buildings	However, other materials of	
	o unumgs	heading 8302 may be used,	
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 20 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
8302 60	Automatic door closers	Manufacture from materials of any	
0302 00	Travellant deer eresers	heading, except that of the product.	
		However, other materials of	
		heading 8302 may be used,	
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 20 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
8306 21 to	Statuettes and other ornaments.	Manufacture from materials of any	
8306 29	of base metal	heading, except that of the product.	
0300 25	or ouse mean	However, other materials of	
		heading 8306 may be used,	
		provided that their total value does	
		not exceed 30 % of the ex-works	
		price of the product	
ex Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
ex chapter or	machinery and mechanical	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	appliances; parts thereof; except	neuding, except that of the product	exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	for:		the product
8401	Nuclear reactors; fuel elements	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
0401	(cartridges), non-irradiated, for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	nuclear reactors; machinery and	neuding, except that of the product	exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	apparatus for isotopic separation		the product
8404	Auxiliary plant for use with	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
0404	boilers of heading 8402 or 8403;	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	condensers for steam or other	heading, except that of the product	exceed 45 % of the ex-works price of
	vapour power units		the product
8407	Spark-ignition reciprocating or	Manufacture in which the value of	and product
0.107	rotary internal combustion piston	all the materials used does not	
	engines	exceed 50% of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
8408	Compression-ignition internal	Manufacture in which the value of	
5.100	combustion piston engines	all the materials used does not	
	(diesel or semi-diesel engines)	exceed 50% of the ex-works price	
	(Gleser of senii-dreser engines)	of the product	
	I	or the product	I

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	-	or (4)
8423	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8425	weights of all kinds Pulley tackle and hoist other than skip hoist; winches and capstans; jacks	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8426	Ships' derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames, straddle carriers and works trucks fitted with a crane	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8427	Fork-lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8428	Other lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery (for example, lifts, escalators, conveyors, teleferics)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8429	Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8430	Other moving, grading, levelling, scrapping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; piledrivers and pile extractors; snowploughs and snowblowers	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8432	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation; lawn or sport-ground rollers	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8433	Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, other than machinery of heading 8437	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
8434	Milking machines and dairy	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	machinery	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8443	Printing machinery used for	Manufacture in which the value of	
	printing by means of plates,	all the materials used does not	
	cylinders and other printing	exceed 45% of the ex-works price	
	components of heading 8442;	of the product	
	other printers, copying machines		
	and facsimile machines, whether		
	or not combined; parts and		
	accessories thereof		
8444	Machines for extruding,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	drawing, texturing or cutting	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	man-made textile materials		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8445	Machines for preparing textile	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	fibres; spinning, doubling or	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	twisting machines and other		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	machinery for producing textile		the product
	yarns; textile reeling or winding		
	(including weft-winding)		
	machines and machines for		
	preparing textile yarns for use on		
	the machines of heading 8446 or		
0446	8447	M 6 4 6 4 1 6	M 6 4 1 1 1 1 6
8446	Weaving machines (looms)	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
		heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8447	Knitting machines, stitch-	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
0117	bonding machines and machines	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	for making gimped yarn, tulle,		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	lace, embroidery, trimmings,		the product
	braid or net and machines for		
	tufting		
8456	Machine tolls for working any	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	material by removal of material,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	by laser or other light or photon		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	beam, ultrasonic,		the product
	electrodischarge,		
	electrochemical, electron beam,		
	ionic-beam or plasma arc		
	processes		

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
8457	Machining centres, unit	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	construction machines (single	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	station) and multi-station		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	transfer machines, for working		the product
	metal		
8458	Lathes (including turning	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	centres) for removal metal	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
			exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8459	Machine tools (including way-	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	type unit head machines) for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	drilling, boring, milling,		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	threading or tapping by		the product
	removing metal, other than		
	lathes (including turning centres)		
	of heading 8458		
8460	Machine tools for deburring,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	sharpening, grinding, honing,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	lapping, polishing or otherwise		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	finishing metal or cerments by		the product
	means of grinding stones,		
	abrasives or polishing products,		
	other than gear cutting, gear		
	grinding or gear finishing		
8461	machines of heading 8461	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
8401	Machine tools for planing, shaping, slotting, broaching, gear	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	cutting, gear grinding or gear	heading, except that of the product	exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	finishing, sawing, cutting-off		the product
	and other machine tools working		the product
	by removing metal or cermets,		
	not elsewhere specified or		
	included		
8462	Machine tools (including	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	presses) for working metal by	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	forging, hammering or die-		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	stamping; machine tools		the product
	(including presses) for working		
	metal by bending, folding,		
	straightening, flattening,		
	shearing, punching or notching;		
	presses for working metal or		
	metal carbides, not specified		
	above		

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
			ginating status
(1)	(2)	()	or (4)
8463	Other machines tools for	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	working metal or cermets,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	without removing material		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8464	Machine tools for working stone,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	ceramics, concrete, asbestos-	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	cement or like mineral materials		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	or for cold working glass		the product
8465	Machine tools (including	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	machines for nailing, stapling,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	glueing or otherwise assembling)		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	for working wood, cork, bone,		the product
	hard rubber, hard plastics or		
	similar hard materials		
8466	Parts and accessories suitable for	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	use solely or principally with the	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	machines of headings 8456 to		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	8465, including work or tool		the product
	holders, self-opening dieheads,		
	dividing heads and other special		
	attachments for machine tools;		
	tool holders for any type of tool		
	for working in the hand		
8467	Tools for working in the hand,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	pneumatic, hydraulic or with	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	self-contained electronic or non-		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	electric motor		the product
8469	Typewriters other than printers	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	of heading 8443; word-	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	processing machines		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8470	Calculating machines and	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	pocket-size data-recording,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	reproducing and displaying		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	machines with calculating		the product
	functions; accounting machines,		*
	postage-franking machines,		
	ticket-issuing machines and		
	similar machines, incorporating		
	a calculating device; cash		
	registers		
1	105131013	I	I

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)		or (4)
8471	Automatic data-processing	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	machines and units thereof;	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	magnetic or optical readers,		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	machines for transcribing data		the product
	onto data media in coded form		
	and machines for processing		
	such data, not elsewhere		
	specified or included		
8474	Machinery for sorting,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	screening, separating, washing,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	crushing, grinding, mixing or		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	kneading earth, stone, ores or		the product
	other mineral substances, in		
	solid (including powder or paste)		
	form; machinery for		
	agglomerating, shaping or		
	moulding solid mineral fuels,		
	ceramic paste, unhardened		
	cement, plastering materials or		
	other mineral products in powder		
	or paste form; machines for		
	forming foundry moulds of sand		
8480	Moulding boxes for metal	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	foundry; mould bases; moulding	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	patterns; moulds for metal (other		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	than ingot moulds), metal		the product
	carbides, glass, mineral		
	materials, rubber or plastics		
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	equipment and parts thereof;	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	sound recorders and reproducers,		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	television image and sound		the product
	recorders and reproducers, and		
	parts and accessories of such		
	articles; except for:		
8504	Electrical transformers, static	Manufacture in which the value of	
	converters (for example,	all the materials used does not	
	rectifiers) and indoctors	exceed 45 % of the ex-works price	
I		of the product	I

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
8505	Electromagnets; permanent	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	magnets and articles intended to	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	become permanent magnets after		exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	magnetisation; electromagnetic		the product
	or permanent magnet chucks,		
	clamps and similar holding		
	devices; electromagnetic		
	couplings, clutches and brakes;		
	electromagnetic lifting heads		
8508	Vacuum cleaners	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
		heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
			exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
			the product
8509	Electromechanical domestic	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	appliances, with self-contained	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	electric motor, other than		exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	vacuum cleaners of heading		the product
	8508		
8511	Electrical ignition or staring	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	equipment of a kind used for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	spark-ignition or compression-		exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	ignition internal combustion		the product
	engines; generators and cut-outs		
	of a kind used in conjunction		
	with such engines		
8512	Electrical lighting or signalling	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	equipment (excluding articles of	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	heading 8539), windscreen		exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	wipers, defrosters and demisters,		the product
	of a kind used for cycles or		
	motor vehicles		
8514	Industrial laboratory electric	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	furnaces and ovens (including	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	those functioning by induction or		exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	dielectric loss); other industrial		the product
	or laboratory equipment for the		
	heat treatment of materials by		
1	induction or dielectric loss		l

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8515	Electric (including electrically heated gas), laser or other light or photon beam, ultrasonic, electron beam, magnetic pulse or	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of
	plasma are soldering, brazing or welding machines an apparatus, whether or not capable of cutting; electric machines and apparatus for hot spraying of metals or cermets		the product
8516	Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters; electric space-heating apparatus and soil-heating apparatus; electrothermic hairdressing apparatus and hand dryers; electric smoothing irons, other electrothermic appliances of a kind used for domestic purposes; electric heating resistors, other than those of	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
8519	heading 8545 Sound recording or sound reproducing apparatus	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	
8521	Video recording or reproducing apparatus, whether or not incorporating a video tuner	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product	
8523	Discs, tapes, solid-state non- volatile storage devices, 'smart cards' and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, whether or not recorded, including matrices and masters for the production of discs, but excluding products of Chapter 37	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading	Description of product	Description of product Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials confers originating status		
(1)	(2)	-		
8525	Transmission apparatus for	Manufacture in which the value of	or (4)	
6323	**	all the materials used does not		
	radio-broadcasting or television,			
	whether or not incorporating	exceed 50% of the ex-works price		
	reception apparatus or sound	of the product		
	recording or reproducing			
	apparatus; television cameras,			
	digital cameras and video camera recorders			
8526	Radar apparatus, radio	Manufacture in which the value of		
	navigational aid apparatus and	all the materials used does not		
	radio remote control apparatus	exceed 50% of the ex-works price		
		of the product		
8527	Reception apparatus for radio-	Manufacture in which the value of		
	broadcasting, whether or not	all the materials used does not		
	combined, in the same housing,	exceed 45% of the ex-works price		
	with sound recording or	of the product		
	reproducing apparatus or a clock			
8528	Monitors and projectors, not	Manufacture in which the value of		
	incorporating television	all the materials used does not		
	reception apparatus; reception	exceed 45% of the ex-works price		
	apparatus for television, whether	of the product		
	or not incorporating radio-			
	broadcast receivers or sound or			
	video recording or reproducing			
	apparatus			
8529	Parts suitable for use solely or	Manufacture in which the value of		
	principally with the apparatus of	all the materials used does not		
	headings 8525 to 8528	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price		
		of the product		
8530	Electrical signalling, safety or	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of	
	traffic control equipment for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not	
	railways, tramways, roads,		exceed 50% of the ex-works price	
	inland waterways, parking		of the product	
	facilities, port installations or			
	airfields (other than those of			
	heading 8608)			
8531	Electric sound or visual	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of	
	signalling apparatus (for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not	
	example, bells, sirens, indicator,		exceed 50% of the ex-works price	
	panels, burglar or fire alarms)		of the product	
	other than those of heading 8512		-	
	or 8530			

HS heading	Description of product	• •	on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
	circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, surge suppressors, plugs, sockets, lamp holders and other connectors, junction boxes), for a voltage not exceeding 1 000 V; connectors for optical fibres, optical fibre bundles or cables		
8538	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading 8535, 8536 or 8537	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
8539	Electric filament or discharge lamps, including sealed beam lamp units and ultra-violet or infra-red lamps; arc lamps	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
8540	Thermionic, cold cathode or photocathode valves and tubes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8542 31 to 8542 33 and 8542 39	Monolithic integrated circuits	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or The operation of diffusion, in which integrated circuits are formed on a semi-conductor substrate by the selective introduction of an appropriate dopant, whether or not assembled and/or tested in a non-party	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product
8544	Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out confers orig	inating status
(1)	(2)		or (4)
8545	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works p of the product
8546	Electrical insulators of any material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product	
8547	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, other than insulators of heading 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product	
8548	Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45 % of the ex-works price of the product	
ex Chapter 86	Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro- mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	
8601 10	Rail locomotives powered from an external source of electricity	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
8603 10	Self-propelled railway or tramway coaches, vans and trucks, other than those of heading 8604, powered from an	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
8608	external source of electricity Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electromechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing	Manufacture: - from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and - in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
8701 to 8707 and 8712	Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling-stock; bodies and chassis fitted with engines for the motor vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705; bicycles	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 45% of the ex-works price of the product	
8708 to 8711 and 8713 to 8716	Parts and accessories for vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705 and 8711 to 8713; Motorcycles; Works trucks and parts thereof; carriages; baby carriages and parts thereof; Trailers and semi-trailers and parts thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 88	Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
ex 8804 00	Rotochutes	Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 8804	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product
8805	Aircraft launching gear; deck- arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the foregoing articles	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of the product
Chapter 89	Ships, boats and floating structures	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, hulls of heading 8906 may not be used	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
		confers orig	rinating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	cinematographic, measuring,	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	checking, precision, medical or		exceed 45% of the ex-works price of
	surgical instruments and		the product
	apparatus; parts and accessories		
	thereof; except for:		
9001	Optical fibres and optical fibre	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	bundles; optical fibre cables	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	other than those of heading		exceed 50% of the ex-works price
	8544; sheets and plates of		of the product
	polarising material; lenses		
	(including contact lenses),		
	prisms, mirrors and other optical		
	elements, of any material,		
	unmounted, other than such		
	elements of glass not optically		
	worked		
9002	Lenses, prisms, mirrors and	Manufacture in which the value of	
	other optical elements, of any	all the materials used does not	
	material, mounted, being parts of	exceed 45% of the ex-works price	
	or fittings for instruments or	of the product	
	apparatus, other than such		
	elements of glass not optically		
	worked		
9012	Microscopes other than optical	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	microscopes; diffraction	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	apparatus		exceed 50% of the ex-works price
			of the product
9013	Liquid crystal devices not	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	constituting articles provided for	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	more specifically in other		exceed 50% of the ex-works price
	headings; lasers, other than laser		of the product
	diodes; other optical appliances		
	and instruments, not specified or		
	included elsewhere in this		
	chapter		
9020	Other breathing appliances and	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
	gas masks, excluding protective	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	masks having neither mechanical		exceed 50% of the ex-works price
	parts nor replaceable filters		of the product
•		•	

HS heading	Description of product		t on non-originating materials, which ginating status
(1)	(2)	(3)	or (4)
9022	Apparatus based on the use of X-rays or of alpha, beta or gamma radiations, whether or not for medical, surgical, dental or veterinary uses, including radiography or radiotherapy	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
	apparatus, X-ray tubes and other X-ray generators, high tension generators, control panels and desks, screens, examination or treatment tables, chairs and the like		
9027	Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
9030	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, excluding meters of heading 9028; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or other ionising radiations	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
9031	Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included elsewhere in this chapter; profile projectors	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
9032	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the ex-works price of the product
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for:	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of the product	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, which confers originating status	
(1)	(2)		or (4)
9105	Other clocks	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of
		- the value of all the materials used	all the materials used does not
		does not exceed 40 % of the ex-	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of
		works price of the product, and	the product
		- the value of all the non-	the product
		originating materials used does	
		not exceed the value of all the	
		originating materials used	
9109	Clock movements, complete and	Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of
7107	assembled	- the value of all the materials used	all the materials used does not
	assembled	does not exceed 40 % of the ex-	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of
		works price of the product, and	the product
		- the value of all the non-	the product
		originating materials used does	
		not exceed the value of all the	
9110	Commisto vyotek om electr	originating materials used Manufacture in which:	Manufacture in which the value of
9110	Complete watch or clock	- the value of all the materials used	all the materials used does not
	movements, unassembled or		
	partly assembled (movement	does not exceed 40 % of the ex-	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of
	sets); incomplete watch or clock	works price of the product, and	the product
	movements, assembled; rough	- within the above limit, the value	
	watch or clock movements	of all the materials of	
		heading 9114 used does not	
		exceed 10 % of the ex-works	
	*** . 1	price of the product	
9111	Watch cases and parts thereof	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of
		- from materials of any heading,	all the materials used does not
		except that of the product, and	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of
		- in which the value of all the	the product
		materials used does not exceed	
		40 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
9112	Clock cases and cases of a	Manufacture:	Manufacture in which the value of
	similar type for other goods of	- from materials of any heading,	all the materials used does not
	this chapter, and parts thereof	except that of the product, and	exceed 30 % of the ex-works price of
		- in which the value of all the	the product
		materials used does not exceed	
		40 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
9113	Watch straps, watch bands and		
	watch bracelets, and parts		
	thereof:		
Ex 9113 10 and	- Of metal clad with precious	Manufacture in which the value of	
9113 20	metal or of base metal, whether	all the materials used does not	
	or not gold- or silver-plated	exceed 40 % of the ex-works price	
1		of the product	

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which
(1)	(2)		or (4)
	- Other	Manufacture in which the value of	
	o uner	all the materials used does not	
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
Chapter 92	Musical instruments; parts and	Manufacture in which the value of	
Chapter 92	accessories of such articles	all the materials used does not	
	accessories of such articles	exceed 40 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts and	Manufacture in which the value of	
Chapter 73	accessories thereof	all the materials used does not	
	decessories thereor	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
ex Chapter 94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses,	Manufacture from materials of any	Manufacture in which the value of
Cx Chapter 94	mattress supports, cushions and	heading, except that of the product	all the materials used does not
	similar stuffed furnishings;	neading, except that of the product	
			exceed 40 % of the ex-works price of
	lamps and lighting fittings, not		the product
	elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated		
	name-plates and the like;		
	prefabricated buildings; except for:		
9405	Lamps and lighting fittings	Manufacture in which the value of	
9403	including searchlights and	all the materials used does not	
	spotlights and parts thereof, not	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	elsewhere specified or included;	of the product	
	illuminated signs, illuminated	of the product	
	name-plates and the like, having		
	a permanently fixed light source,		
	and parts thereof not elsewhere		
	specified or included		
9406	Prefabricated buildings	Manufacture in which the value of	
7400	1 Totaloricated buildings	all the materials used does not	
		exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
		of the product	
ex Chapter 95	Toys, games and sports	Manufacture from materials of any	
CA Chapter 93	requisites; parts and accessories	heading, except that of the product	
	thereof; except for:	neading, except that of the product	
9503	Other toys; reduced-size	Manufacture:	
7505	("scale") models and similar	- from materials of any heading,	
	recreational models, working or	except that of the product, and	
	not; puzzles of all kinds	- in which the value of all the	
	not, puzzies of all killus	materials used does not exceed	
		50 % of the ex-works price of the	
		product	
1	1	product	I

HS heading	Description of product		on non-originating materials, which inating status
(1)	(2)		
(1)	(2)	(-)	or (4)
9506 31 and	Golf clubs and other golf	Manufacture from materials of any	
9506 39	equipment	heading, except that of the product.	
		However, roughly-shaped blocks	
		for making golf-club heads may be	
		used	
ex Chapter 96	Miscellaneous manufactured	Manufacture from materials of any	
	articles; except for:	heading, except that of the product	
9601 and 9602	Worked ivory, bone,	Manufacture from materials of any	
	tortoiseshell,	heading	
	horn, antlers, coral, mother-of-		
	pearl		
	and other animal carving		
	material,		
	and articles of these materials		
	(including articles obtained by		
	Moulding).		
	Worked vegetable or mineral		
	carving material and articles of		
	these materials; moulded or		
	carved articles of wax, of stearin,		
	of natural gums or natural resins		
	or of modelling pastes, and other		
	moulded or carved articles, not		
	elsewhere specified or included;		
	worked, unhardened gelatin		
	(except gelatine of heading		
	3503) and articles of unhardened		
0.002	gelatins		
ex 9603	Brooms and brushes (except for	Manufacture in which the value of	
	besoms and the like and brushes	all the materials used does not	
	made from marten or squirrel	exceed 50 % of the ex-works price	
	hair), hand-operated mechanical	of the product	
	floor sweepers, not motorized,		
	paint pads and rollers, squeegees		
	and mops		
9605	Travel sets for personal toilet,	Each item in the set must satisfy the	
	sewing or shoe or clothes	rule which would apply to it if it	
	cleaning	were not included in the set.	
		However, non-originating articles	
		may be incorporated, provided that	
		their total value does not exceed	
		15% of the ex-works price of the set	

HS heading	Description of product	Working or processing, carried out on non-originating materials, wh		
(1)	(2)	confers originating status (3) or (4)		
(1) 9606	(2)	(3) or Manufacture:	(4)	
9000	Buttons, press-fasteners, snap-			
	fasteners and press-studs, button	- from materials of any heading,		
	moulds and other parts of these	except that of the product, and		
	articles; button blanks	- in which the value of all the		
		materials used does not exceed		
		50 % of the ex-works price of the		
		product		
9608	Ball-point pens; felt-tipped and	Manufacture from materials of any		
	other porous-tipped pens and	heading, except that of the product.		
	markers; fountain pens,	However, nibs or nib-points of the		
	stylograph pens and other pens;	same heading as the product may be		
	duplicating stylos; propelling or	used		
	sliding pencils; pen-holders,			
	pencil-holders and similar			
	holders; parts (including caps			
	and clips) of the foregoing			
	articles, other than those of			
	heading 9609			
9612	Typewriter or similar ribbons,	Manufacture:		
	inked or otherwise prepared for	- from materials of any heading,		
	giving impressions, whether or	except that of the product, and		
	not on spools or in cartridges;	- in which the value of all the		
	ink-pads, whether or not inked,	materials used does not exceed		
	with or without boxes	50 % of the ex-works price of the		
		product		
9613 20	Pocket lighters, gas fuelled,	Manufacture in which the value of		
	refillable	all the materials of heading 9613		
		used does not exceed 30 % of the		
		ex-works price of the product		
ex 9614	Smoking pipes and pipe bowls	Manufacture from roughly-shaped		
	2	blocks		
Chapter 97	Works of art, collectors' pieces	Manufacture from materials of any		
•	and antiques	heading, except that of the product		

ANNEX II(a)

ADDENDUM TO THE LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON-ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER THAT THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED CAN OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS

Common provisions

- 1. For the products described below, the following rules may also apply instead of the rules set out in Annex II, however limited by an annual quota.
- 2. An origin declaration made out pursuant to this Protocol shall contain the following statement in English: "Derogation Annex II(a) of the Protocol on Rules of Origin and Origin Procedures".
- 3. Products can be imported into the Parties under these derogations upon the provision of a declaration signed by the exporter certifying that the products concerned satisfy the conditions of the derogation.
- 4. As far as an origin declaration is made out for dyed woven fabrics (5408 22 and 5408 32) the origin declaration shall be accompanied by documentary evidence that the undyed fabric used does not exceed 50 percent of the ex-work price of the product.
- 5. The quotas indicated in the table below will be managed by the importing Party on a first-come, first-served basis. The quantities exported under these derogations will be calculated on the basis of the imports into the importing Party.

HS heading	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non-originating materials that confers originating status	Annual quota
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5205	Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85% or more by weight of cotton, not put up for retail sale	Manufacture from man-made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning	Annual quota of 200 Metric tons
5408	Woven fabrics of man-made filament yarn	Manufacture from man-made filament yarns or Dyeing accompanied by at least 2 preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the value of the undyed fabric used does not exceed 50 % of the exworks price of the product	Annual quota of 200 Metric tons
5510	Yarn (other than sewing thread) of artificial staple fibres, not put up for retail sale	Manufacture from man-made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning	Annual quota of 200 Metric tons

ANNEX III

TEXT OF THE ORIGIN DECLARATION

The origin declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

The exporter of the products covered by this document declares that, except otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of ⁷⁰ preferential origin.	where
	71
(Place and date)	•
	•
(Signature of the exporter, in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

Origin of products to be indicated.
These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.

ANNEX IV OUTWARD PROCESSING ZONES ON THE KOREAN PENINSULA

- 1. Recognising the Republic of Korea's constitutional mandate and security interests, and both Parties' commitment to promoting peace and prosperity on the Korean Peninsula, and the importance of intra-Korean economic co-operation toward that goal, the Parties hereby establish the Committee on Outward Processing Zones on the Korean Peninsula pursuant to Article 7.2 (Committees and Working Groups) of the Framework Agreement. The Committee shall review whether the conditions on the Korean Peninsula are appropriate for further economic development through the establishment and development of outward processing zones.
- 2. The Committee shall be comprised of officials of the Parties. The Committee shall meet on the first anniversary of the entry into force of this Agreement and at least once annually thereafter, or at any time as mutually agreed.
- 3. The Committee shall identify geographic areas that may be designated outward processing zones. The Committee shall determine whether any such outward processing zone has met the criteria established by the Committee. The Committee shall also establish a maximum threshold for the value of the total input of the originating final good that may be added within the geographic area of the outward processing zone.